HENNESSY'S
THREE STAR
BRANDY.
Insist upon having it.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 53,224—New Series. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, JULY 9, 1904. PRICE 4 ANNAS.

Milkmaid
Largest Sale in the World.
Grand Milk

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing. 1904.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
Saturday, 9 p.m.				
9th July	ORIENTAL	6234		
16th "	ARABIA	7933	MACEDONIA	10512
23rd "	OCEANA	6610		
30th "	BENGAL	4651	MONGOLIA	9505
6th Aug	PERSIA	7931		
13th "	VICTORIA	6522	EGYPT	7912
20th "	ARABIA	7933		
27th "	CALEDONIA	7558	CHINA	7912
3rd Sep.	BALLARAT	4830		
10th "	ORIENTAL	6234	MOLDAVIA	9550
17th "	VICTORIA	6522		
24th "	ARCADIA	6993	MARMORA	10509

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.
Passengers for Brindisi transhipped to a connecting steamer at Port Said.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON the day previous to sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M. on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with Port of Destination.

Tenders leave the Ballard Pier on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 12 and 12-30 o'clock P.M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on Board the Mail Steamer unless so examined, and conveyed thence in the Company's Steam Barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of passengers cannot go on Board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China, and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals call at ports en route.

W. C. SYMES,
Acting Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 21st June, 1904.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY GROOM & CO.,

BOMBAY.

PASSENGERS booked without charge, and on Favourable Terms. Berths carefully selected.
SLEEPING CAR and CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.
RAILWAY OFFICIALS and MISSIONARIES booked at Reduced Rates.
PASSAGES booked to ENGLAND via JAPAN and AMERICA by the Canadian Pacific, Occidental and Oriental and Pacific Mail Routes.
HANDBOOK giving Details of Fares, &c., and List of Sailings by all Lines sent free on application.
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
BAGGAGE shipped and cleared and Insurance effected covering all risks.
PACKAGES cleared or shipped.
CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS and SOVEREIGNS at current rates.

Calcutta Agents.—GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON AGENTS.—GRINDLAY & Co.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY.
DUMBEA	5,807	Charbonnel	14th July 1904.
VILLE de la CIOTAT	6,630	Fiaschi	11th Aug. 1904.
ARMAND-BEHIC	6,633	Guiennet	8th Sep. 1904.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares. This arrangement will prove, in some cases, of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT,

AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

S. S. "NERA," 5,876 tons, Captain Chevalier, to sail on or about the 22nd July, 1904.

For further Particulars apply to

J. ESTRANGIN, Acting Agent.
New Oriental Bank Buildings, 37, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

BOMBAY TO TRIESTE VIA ADEN, SUEZ, & PORT SAID DIRECT LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
IMPERATRIX	G. Ghezzo	4,194	1st Oct. 1904.

PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 600	Rs. 325	Rs. 150

ORDINARY LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
GISELA	G. Damianovich	4,216	30th July 1904
† VINDOBONA	R. Colbé	4,351	22nd July "
† PERSIA	P. Craglietto	5,895	20th Aug "

† Will call at Fiume.

PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE,

	Saloon.	Deck.
TO TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 400	Rs. 150.

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE AVAILABLE FOR ANY PERIOD WITHIN TWO YEARS.

1st Class, Rs. 900. 2nd Class Rs. 485. Saloon Rs. 600.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued, via Trieste, the St. Gothards and other Routes

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Austrian Lloyds and the Return Voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co, at reduced fares.

Passengers to VENICE transhipped at TRIESTE to another steamer of the Company which takes about 8 hours to cross the Gulf.

STEAM TO JAPAN VIA COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
AUSTRIA	R. Colledani	7,551	27th July 1904.

For further particulars regarding Passages.
Apply to

E. SCARPA, Agent-General,
Sassoon House, 54, Church Gate Street,
Fort Bombay

R. SCOTT & Co., M.R.C.V.S.

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GIRGAUM AND GOWALIA TANK ROAD
Oldest Established Firm in Bombay.

CHARGERS, Polo Ponies, Hacks and Carriage Horses selected with the greatest care for Local and Up-country Constituents.

HORSES shod on the most approved principles with Shoes made on the premises of specially imported iron, under the immediate supervision of a first class ENGLISH FARRIER.

ARABS and C.-BREDS broken to Single (Rs. 15), and Double Harness (Rs. 25), and Saddle (Rs. 15), Waler broken to Single Harness or Saddle (Rs. 25), Double Harness (Rs. 50). Troublesome horses charged extra.

HORSES standing at Livery on Commission Sale or for treatment, Rs. 35 per mensem, including Syce. Stable rent charged on all horses tied by owners. Rs. 5 per mensem. Commission on horses bought and sold Rs. 12. Examination and Certificate Rs. 10. Verbal opinions to Sportsmen, Rs. 5.

CRUSHED HORSE FOOD best in the market, Rs. 5 per cwt., delivered free in Bombay. Special Mixtures, Bran, Gram, Barley, New Zealand and Australian Chaff, Pressed Hay, etc., supplied at lowest rates consistent with good quality.

ESTIMATES given, and Carriages of every description built of the very best materials, under personal supervision, by skilled workmen.

REPAIRS neatly executed with promptitude and despatch. Rubber tyres of finest quality only used. Carriages greased gratuitous. Satisfaction guaranteed. Correspondence invited.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "DWARKA," 1,700 tons, on SATURDAY, 9th July, on arrival of the English Mail.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "KERBELA," 2,000 tons, on TUESDAY, the 12th July, at 10 a. m., calling at Karachi, Gwadur, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Lingah, Bahrein, and Bushire.

FOR KURRACHEE, MUSCAT, BUSHIRE, AND BUSREH.

S. S. "KAPURTHALA," 1,200 tons, on THURSDAY, 14th July, at 10 a.m.

FOR POREBANDER, SEYCHELLES, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, BEIRA AND DELAGOA BAY.

S. S. "LOODIANA," 3,300 tons, on or about WEDNESDAY, 13th July, (with transhipment at Delegoa Bay to Company's Steamers for Inhambane, Chindi, Quilimane and Mozambique.)

FOR MORMUGAO, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, BEIRA, DELAGOA BAY AND DURBAN.

S. S. "NUDDEA," 3,010 tons, on or about TUESDAY, 26th July.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA

S. S. "LANDAURA," 3,300 tons, on or about MONDAY, 11th July.

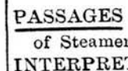
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 8th July, 1904.

KING, KING & Co.,

BANKERS and EAST INDIA AGENTS,

BOMBAY,



PASSAGES ENGAGED and best available berths secured at lowest rates obtainable by P. and O. and all other Steamers, free of charge of Commission.

Latest List of Sailings, Fares and Handbook of information furnished by return of post on application.

SPECIAL REDUCED FARES for Railway Officials, Missionaries and Family Parties obtained.

Special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers travelling 2nd Class by P. and O.

Every assistance rendered to Passengers on arrival in Bombay. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and Shipped.

Special Agents of the Firm meet all Steamers at Brindisi and Marseilles.

Packages of every description received for Despatch as Cargo to MESSRS. HENRY S. KING & Co., London, or MESSRS. KING, BAILLIE and Co., Liverpool.

Freight and Marine Insurance at the Lowest Rates. Quotations furnished on application.

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CALCUTTA.
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILINGS TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

Bombay to Liverpool (all the way by sea)..... Rs. 550
Bombay to Marseilles..... " 525

Passengers proceeding to London from Marseilles are charged £5 extra for Railway Tickets at current rate of exchange on the fare to Marseilles. To New York, Rs. 700; Suez, Rs. 350; Port Said, Rs. 380.

Return Ticket to Liverpool (all the way by sea), Rs. 950.

Return to London via Marseilles, and back from Liverpool, Rs. 900.

Return Tickets are available for two years.

Concessions on single ticket granted to Families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced stewardess, and is fitted out with every comfort. All Cabins are on the upper Deck.

The following sailings have been arranged:—

Steamer	Captain	Tonnage.	Date.	Year.
BRITANNIA	R. J. Garrick	3,069	16th July,	1904.
MASSILIA	J. Thompson	3,091	10th Aug.	"
CIRCASSIA	Alex. Haig	6,716	14th Sept.	"
OLYMPIA	C. F. Osborne, R.N.R.	3,121	30th "	"

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by a B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

For rates for steamers not carrying Surgeon and Stewardess, or for any other information regarding Passage, &c., apply to the Undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Graham's Buildings, Bombay. Agents.

THOS. COOK AND SON,

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"COOK'S ORIENTAL GAZETTEE" containing Sailling Dates of all Steamers sent every other information for Travellers, and Post Free.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE-NEZ.

DURING the Hot Steamy Weather when your Glasses persist in falling off your nose, a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense, will be found a great boon.

They are self adjusting
There is nothing to break
They are always Horizontal
They are the acme of comfort and very strong
No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting:—

Nickel Rs. 3-8. Gold Rs. 35,

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS are warranted to cure in either sex, all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, Gravel, and Pains in the Back. Free from Mercury, Established upwards of 30 years. Sold by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World. Sole Proprietors, The Lincoln Pharmacal Company, Lincoln, [illegible]

HOTEL WINDSOR,

VICTORIA STREET, WESTMINSTER,
LONDON, S. W., ENGLAND.

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ELECTRICALLY lighted throughout day and night. Moderate Tariff. Table d'Hote at Separate Tables, from 6-30 to 8-30 (open to non-residents). Turkish Baths.

INCLUSIVE TERMS FROM 12s. PER DAY.

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KING, HAMILTON & Co.,
CALCUTTA.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened free of charge for Commission, and Interest at 2 per cent. per annum credited on 30th June and 31st December, when the minimum balance does not fall below Rs. 500. Currency Notes of all Circles and Demand Hundies payable in Bombay received without charge.

FIXED DEPOSITS received, subject to six and twelve months' notice of withdrawal at rates which can be ascertained on application.

REMITTANCES TO THE UNITED KINGDOM. Demand and Telegraphic, made at the current rates of Exchange, and addresses in connection with the latter registered Free of Charge through Messrs. HENRY S. KING & Co., 65, Cornhill, London.

LONDON:
HENRY S. KING & Co.

RATNER SAFE CO., LD.,
OF LONDON.
MANUFACTURERS OF
TWELVE CORNER BENT
FIRE, FALL, AND THIEF
RESISTING SAFES.

WE have received a large consignment of these SAFES to be SOLD at the Wholesale Prices. Apply to the Undersigned, at their Office, 67, Meadow Street, Fort.

PURSHOTAM VISHRAM & CO.
SOLE AGENTS.
Bombay, July, 1903.

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SOLID, ONE-PIECE FRAME.
WIDE BALL BEARINGS at Typebars.
TWO SHIFT KEYS, two Shifts each.
BACK SPACER KEY.
AUTOMATIC RIBBON REVERSE.
WHEEL ESCAPEMENT, giving ordinary and speed action.
POINTER, showing vertical and lateral position of the writing.
UNIQUE PAPER REGULATOR.
JUSTIFIER to condense a word or line.
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PAPER FEEDING GUIDES.
BALL-BEARINGS, added at many places.

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ORIENTAL
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LIFE ASSURANCE
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Unsurpassed in ADVANTAGES, and LIBERALITY TO POLICYHOLDERS.

Safest and Best Organization for Policyholders of any Indian Company.

Claims paid immediately upon receipt of satisfactory proof.

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Full Particulars and Forms may be obtained on application to the Company's Office,
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R. PATERSON BROWN,
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The Comprehensive Criminal Digest, 1862—1899.

BY

CHUNILAL HARILAL VAKIL, B.A., LL.B.,
Subordinate Judge, Dholka; First Class Magistrate Ahmedabad.

THIS Digest contains all the criminal cases decided by the four High Courts and the uncharacted High Courts in the Punjab, Oudh, Central Provinces, and Burma, reported in the four series of the Indian Law Reports, Bengal Law Reports, Madras H. C. Reports, Bombay H. C. Reports, N. W. P. High Court Reports, Calcutta Law Reports, Indian Jurist, Weekly Reporter, Hay's Reports, Hyde's Reports, Marshall's Reports, Coryton's Reports, Agra H. C. Reports, Macleod's Indian Appeals, Criminal Rulings of the Bombay High Court, Calcutta Weekly Notes, Bombay Law Reporter, Joy Govind Shome's Reports, Bourke's Reports, Select Judgments, Punjab Records, Central Provinces-Burma Reports, and Oudh Select cases, together with important cases from 1862 to 1882 decided by the SUDDER FOUZDARREE ADAWLUT and NIZAMUT ADAWLUT. It contains rulings from about 150 volumes, while the greatest existing digest contains rulings from about 150 volumes only. It contains a complete index of all cases followed, overruled, or otherwise judicially noticed in these reports.

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SAMUEL ALLSOPP & SON'S
LAGER BEER.

INVALIDS PORT,
An Unrivalled Wine.
DINNER SHERRY.
Strongly recommended.

PALL MALL Whisky.
A Club Whisky "Primus in Indis"
OLD TOM GIN.
"Three Cat Brand."

PURE CIDER CO.'S
CIDER.
HOT WEATHER DRINK.

15, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

"MUSAFFI" PILLS
OF CASCARA AND MAYAPPLE
according to HUXLEY'S approved formula.
They "WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP"
For BILIOUSNESS, SICK HEADACHES, INDIGESTION,
as a Purgative, 2 to 3 Pills on going to bed.
For CONSTIPATION and DYSPEPSIA
as a LAXATIVE and DINNER PILL, one for a dose.
100 Pills (sold in Bottles) for 12 Annas, plus 3 Annas for V. P. P.

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(A. HERRMANSON, late 40 years' partner in R. D. WARBURG & Co., London.)

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Desire for imports sole representation for England and European Continent.

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TO SELECT FROM.

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LONDON.

NOT "ONE OF THE BEST"
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"THE BEST"
WATSON'S DUNDEE
WHISKY.

THE "CAMPAIGN" WATCH

No. II.

CRYSTAL FACE Rs. 23; HUNTING CASE Rs. 25.

When we say there is no Watch more recommendable at the price, we speak not only as practical experts, but from the reports invariably received from purchasers. Thousands are to-day recording faithfully the time in all parts of India.

The Cases are PURE NICKEL to wear white throughout, which will wear off and look unchangeable in colour and oxidize. Rs. 23 and consequently guaranteed not merely a wash of silver, shabby in a month, but not in the least likely to.

THE MOVEMENT which is constructed on the most sound principles is jewelled in all essential parts. Carefully adjusted LEVER escapement. Compensation balance, indestructible keyless attachment.

Exact diameter two inches. Thickness 5-8 inch. Dial 1 & 5-8 inch.

IF INSTEAD OF HUNDREDS, we were selling only dozens, the "Campaign" Watch could not be supplied at anything like Rs. 23——Merit alone has made this demand.

Complete in case with spare mainspring and glass, open face, Rs 23, Hunting Rs. 25.

WARRANTED TWO YEARS.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
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LONDON & LANCASHIRE LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

[ESTABLISHED 1862]

Assurances on every sound and approved Plan effected on most Favourable Terms.

THE NORWICH UNION FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY.
(ESTABLISHED 1797).

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JOHN MOIR & SON, LD., LONDON.

MOIR'S Army and Navy Rations.
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MOIR'S Pure Jams and Jellies.
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MOIR'S Fresh Herrings, Kippered Herrings, and Herrings in Tomato Sauce, &c.
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LARGE STOCKS, FOR IMMEDIATE DELIVERY, AT BOMBAY.

COMPLETE LIST ON APPLICATION TO

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TELEPHONE NO. 325.

TRY! TRY!! TRY!!

DR. SPOONER HART'S

1. PREPARED MEAL No. 1 for DOGS. 2 PREPARED MEAL No. 2 for PUPPIES
3. BISCUITS for DOGS. 4 PREPARED FOOD for POULTRY.
5. "NUTRIENT" (a rich Fluid Food given with the ordinary Food for HORSE and CATTLE).

1. Every Dog owner should use Dr. Spooner Hart's Prepared Meal No. 1 for Dogs, a staple diet of great value and equally suitable for all classes.

Re. 1-0 per 10-lb bag.

2. PREPARED MEAL No. 2 for PUPPIES.—This will be found "par excellence" the Food for them. Being soft and nutritious, Puppies thrive and fatten upon it and there is no fear of worms developing in the bowels (which Puppies are so liable to when fed on other materials) whilst they are on this food

Re. 1-0 per 10-lb. bag.

3. BISCUITS for DOGS.—An appetising staple diet for Sporting and other Dogs, and of great value to Shikar Parties, being easy of transport.

Rs. 2-0 per 10-lb. bag.

4. PREPARED FOOD for POULTRY.—Will double the profit of laying Birds and quickly increase the weight of Birds for the table, and is protective against disease.

Re. 1-0 per 20-lb. bag.

5. "NUTRIENT."—A fattening, conditioning fodder adjunct of distinction and unequalled value for maintaining condition. Horses and Cattle will fatten on it in a few days.

Rs. 3-0 per tin, with full directions.

R. S. HART BROS.,
CALCUTTA.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that BAI MONGHIBAI, widow and Administratrix of THAKER HONCHORDAS HARIDAS and HAJEE UMAR HAJEE HOOSEIN, HAJEE HAROON HAJEE ADAM and ABDUL LATIF ISMAIL, Executors of the last Will and Testament of the late ISMAIL HAJEE USMAN KADWANEE, have contracted TO SELL the undermentioned property to our Client, SHETH LALBHAI TRIKAMDAS.

All persons having any claim thereto by way of inheritance, sale, lease, mortgage charge, gift, or otherwise howsoever are requested to make the same known in writing to the Undersigned at their Office No. 57, Esplanade Road, Fort, within 14 days from this day, otherwise the sale in question will be completed without reference to such claims if there be any, and such claims shall be considered to have been waived.

PARTICULARS OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Coombharwada 2nd Lane and Chukla Street, outside the Fort in the Island and Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 244 square yards or thereabouts, registered in the Books of Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 1417, and New No. 7169, and bearing Old Survey No. 913, and New Survey No. 2257, and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the East by a Public Road, on or towards the West by the Road leading to Jackeria Mushid and the Coombharwada 2nd Lane aforesaid, on or towards the North by a Public Passage and beyond that by the property of Narsi Natha, and on or towards the South by a passage and beyond it by the house of Bhimji Gangji, the said hereditaments and premises thereon being assessed by the Collector and Assessor of Municipal rates and taxes under Ward R. No. 2012 and 2013 and Street Nos. 1-19 and 14, 15 and 1, which premises were the property of the late Haji Ismail Haji Usman Kadwanee.—Dated this 8th day of July, 1904.

EDGELOW GULABOHAND & WADIA,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

NOTICE.

TO BOMBAY HOUSE OWNERS AND RESIDENTS.

THE CITY ELECTRIC LIGHT and POWER SUPPLY will soon be available. To gain all the advantages estimates for Light and Power installations should be secured without much delay. We shall be pleased to send our Representative to inspect your place, advise you on the subject and prepare and submit estimates free of charges.

C. JOST & Co.,
ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS and CONTRACTORS,
SIRDAR'S PALACE, APOLLO STREET.

LIST OF ESTATES to which Letters of Administration have been granted to the Administrator General, Bombay, and of Estates which have come under his charge:—

EDWIN SMITH, late in the employ of the Bombay Port Trust.
PESTONJI DADABHOY ASAVAID, late of Bandra, Parsi Inhabitant.
JANE MARY VALLADARES, late of Bombay Portuguese Inhabitant.
GONVILLE WARNEFORD, a Captain, late of the Bombay Political Department.
EDWARD FRERE MARRIOTT, a Major, late Assistant Resident, Amreli
THOMAS ALEXANDER DOWNES, late Engine Driver, Great Indian Peninsula Railway, Byculla.
JAMSETJI BOMONJI HASOTIA, late of Bombay Parsi Inhabitant.

All persons having claims against, being indebted to, or holding property belonging to the abovenamed estates are hereby requested to state their claims, pay their debts and hand over such property to the undersigned forthwith. All claims must be sent to the undersigned at his office within one months from the date of this advertisement. At the expiration of the said period the assets of the estates will be distributed and claims received after that period will not be recognised

N. C. MACLEOD,
Ag. Administrator-General.

Administrator-General's Office, High Court, Bombay, 2nd July, 1904.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY,
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION,
Suit No. 289 of 1903.

MADHAVJI NARSI.....Plaintiff.

VS.

MAHARAJ SHRI GOPAL LALJI KALIANRALJI, of Mathura, and JAMNABAI, widow of TRICUM NATHU.....Defendants.

PURSUANT to the decree absolute made in the above Suit and bearing date the 28th day of January, 1904, the following immovable property will be SOLD by PUBLIC AUCTION by the Commissioner of this Hon'ble Court at his Office in the Court House, on SATURDAY, the 16th day of July, 1904, at the hour of three o'clock in the afternoon.

PARTICULARS.

All the estate and interest of the abovenamed Plaintiff and Defendants in the following property, viz:—All that piece or parcel of land situate on Bauganga Road, on the Malabar Hill or Walkeshwar, in the Island of Bombay, in the Registration District of Bombay bearing Collector of Land Revenue New Number 10551, and New Survey No. 15, 7251, and containing by admeasurement Two hundred and twenty-five square yards or thereabouts, and bounded as follows:—That is to say on or towards the East by the property of Khimji Girdhar, on or towards the West by the property of the late Jagannath Shankershet, on or towards the North by the Public Road, on or towards the South by a vacant land together with the messuage, tenement, dwelling house and premises built and standing thereon, assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under Ward No. 3005, and Street No. 13.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application should be made at the office of the said Commissioner or at the office of Mr. DINSHAW D. ROMER, Attorney for the plaintiff abovenamed at No. 91, Modowa Street, Fort, Bombay.—Dated this 7th day of June, 1904.

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		10 years.	15 years.	20 years.	15 years.	20 years.	25 years.		
	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.		
20	21 10	48 8	36 6	30 7	64 5	47 6	37 11	20	
21	22 1	49 4	36 14	30 15	64 6	47 8	37 13	21	
22	22 9	50 0	37 7	31 7	64 8	47 10	37 15	22	
23	23 1	50 12	38 0	31 15	64 9	47 12	38 1	23	
24	23 9	51 8	38 10	32 7	64 11	47 14	38 4	24	
25	24 2	52 5	39 4	33 0	64 13	48 0	38 7	25	
26	24 11	53 2	39 15	33 9	64 15	48 3	38 10	26	
27	25 5	54 0	40 10	34 2	65 1	48 6	38 14	27	
28	25 15	54 14	41 5	34 12	65 4	48 9	39 2	28	
29	26 9	55 13	42 1	35 6	65 7	48 12	39 6	29	
30	27 4	56 13	42 13	36 0	65 10	49 0	39 11	30	
31	27 15	57 13	43 10	36 11	65 13	49 4	40 0	31	
32	28 11	58 14	44 7	37 6	66 0	49 8	40 6	32	
33	29 8	59 15	45 4	38 2	66 4	49 13	40 12	33	
34	30 6	61 1	46 2	38 15	66 8	50 2	41 3	34	
35	31 5	62 4	47 1	39 12	66 13	50 8	41 10	35	
36	32 5	63 8	48 0	40 10	67 2	50 14	42 2	36	
37	33 5	64 12	49 0	41 9	67 8	51 5	42 11	37	
38	34 6	66 1	50 1	42 5	67 14	51 13	43 5	38	
39	35 8	67 6	51 3	43 8	68 4	52 5	44 15	39	
40	36 11	68 12	52 5	44 9	68 11	53 14	44 10	40	
41	38 0	70 3	53 8	45 11	69 3	53 8	45 6	41	
42	39 6	71 11	54 12	46 14	69 12	54 3	46 4	42	
43	40 13	73 4	56 1	48 2	70 6	55 0	47 3	43	
44	42 5	74 13	57 6	49 7	71 0	55 14	48 4	44	
45	43 14	76 7	58 12	50 13	71 11	56 13	49 6	45	

A PERSON OF 30 may secure Rs. 1,000 at Death by a yearly payment of Rs. 27-4 during The life Premium would generally elsewhere secure Rs. 800 only instead of Rs. 1,000.

OR, if unwilling to burden himself with payments during his whole life, he may secure the same sum of Rs. 1,000 by twenty yearly payments of Rs. 36, being thus free of Premiums before age 50; this premium being about the same as most Offices require during the whole term of life.

OR, if preferring to make provision for his old age or for his family in case of death, he may secure the same sum of Rs. 1,000 payable at age 55 or death by yearly payments of Rs. 39-11.

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Whose income is dependent upon health, the Limited Payment System or Endowments Assurance specially recommended.

E. F. ALLUM, General Manager.

DR. DE ROOS' WORLD-FAMED GUTTÆ VITÆ.

OR, LIFE DROPS.

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This remarkable rejuvenating essence strengthens the vitality of the whole system, gives energy to the muscles, and speedily restores the impaired powers of life, imparting strength and manly vigour to the most debilitated and worn-out constitution. Those who suffer from Premature Decay, or deficiency of the Vital Forces, owing to indiscretion in early life, or any other cause, will find this medicine just what they require. Equally adapted for the studious and sedentary; the aged and infirm; the nervous and debilitated; as also for delicate females and weakly children. All sufferers from loss of appetite, nervous headache, lassitude, and despondency—too often accompanied with suicidal thoughts—should make immedi

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ...£1,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL £500,000
RESERVE FUND £500,000

HEAD OFFICE:
26, BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN LONDON, E.C.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta.	Delhi.	Cawnpore.	Kandy.
Lahore.	Mooltan.	Colombo.	Tuticorin.
Amritsar.	Multan.	Mandalay.	Zanzibar.
Karrachee.	Rangoon.	Nowera Eiya.	Mombassa
Brosmer Point.	Aden.		

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 100,000, but no Interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Re. 1 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

ROBERT R. ROSS,
Manager.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL £800,000
RESERVE FUND £800,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS £800,000

HEAD OFFICE:
HATTON COURT, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

Hamburg	Ipoh (Perak)	Hongkong
Bombay	Singapore	Foochow
Calcutta	Kwala Lumpor	Saigon
Madras	Bangkok	Shanghai
Rangoon	Batavia	Tientsin
Colombo	Sourabaya	Hankow
Penang	Manila	Yokohama
Thaiping	Cebu (Philippines)	Kobe
Medan, Deli (Sumatra)		New York

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE, issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT accounts are opened and Interest allowed at 2 per cent. PER ANNUM on the minimum Monthly Balance up to Rs. 100,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum does not amount to Rs. 10 half-yearly.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS and SHARES bought and sold on account of clients and also received for safe custody and collection of Interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months at FOUR PER CENT. per annum. Rates for shorter periods may be ascertained on application.

GEORGE MILLER,
Acting Agent.

Esplanade Road, Bombay.

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & CO., BONDED AGENTS, PRODUCE BROKERS.

BUYING DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. having been Exporters to the Trade of HARDWARE, METALS, MACHINERY STORES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE, offer their services to Firms abroad.

CATALOGUES OR QUOTATIONS FURNISHED. CLOSEST PRICES SECURED.

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GENERAL AGENCY BUSINESS carefully conducted.

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GREAT AMERICAN CURE.

Send to me for a FREE SAMPLE and

PRESCRIPTION

A Minister, who formerly suffered, will be pleased to send to any sufferer a PRESCRIPTION of a sure, safe, simple and GUARANTEED CURE for NERVOUS DEBILITY, Loss of Energy, Melancholy, Lassitude, Youthful Imprudence, Exhausted Vitality, Spermatorrhœa, Varicocele, Premature Decay, Despondency, Weakness, Nervousness, Brain Fag, Blotches on the Skin, Loss of Memory, Dimness of Sight, Noises in the Ears, Liver Complaints, Kidney and Bladder Complaints, Gravel and all Diseases of the Urinary Organs. It was a guaranteed remedy and is the result of twenty years' research. To prove my words, I will send a

FREE SAMPLE

of the Medicine to any sufferer who sends me a stamped-addressed envelope, and names this paper. It will cost you nothing; so write to-day. Cure is certain. Address: Rev. THOMAS STONE, The Limes, Kemp Town, Brighton, England.

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Full directions. All Chemists.

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on doctors who do you no good. Be indifferent; get a bottle of Little's Oriental Balms, for a single Rupee, and you will have double reason for self-congratulation. You'll save your money and cure that Neuralgia or Headache. One application is enough. The pain will leave you. You'll be comfortable again. The Balm is a great thing for headaches—it acts so quickly, safely and surely. Even doctors themselves have endorsed it. You can be rid of your pain or inflammation in a jiffy. You only have to go to the nearest chemist's to get Little's Oriental Balms.

Sold at Re. 1 per bottle. Of all chemists and patent medicine vendors.

INSOMNIA (Sleeplessness)

—Nervousness benefitted—cured by Nature's Herbal Extract. It gets at the root of the whole matter—indigestion; conquers the nervousness, calms the irritable temper and restores the entire internal economy to a working basis. Gives perfect digestion; strong stomach; pure blood. Strengthens the aged or enfeebled. Sold at Annas 12 per bottle. Of all chemists and patent medicine vendors.

NATURE'S HERBAL EXTRACT
THE CONCENTRATED JUICES OF NATURES REMEDIES ROOTS AND HERBS
CURES DYSPEPSIA
Sold at Annas 12 per bottle. Of all Chemists.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

LONDON, JULY 7.

SECURITIES—
2 1-2 per cent. Consols ..... £89 13-16 = — 7-16
3 do. Rentes ..... £98 1-4 = unchanged
3 do. Indian Sterling Loan ..... £105 1-4 = do
3½ per cent. Indian Enfaced rupee Paper ..... £95 3-8 = do

SILVER—
Spot in London ..... 26 12-16 = — 1-8
2 months hence ..... 26 3-4 = — 1-8
Spot in New York ..... 58 1-4 = — 1-8

EXCHANGES—
Parischeques ..... 2520 = + 1-2
Berlin ..... 2021 = + 1-4
New York Demand ..... 4 87 1-4 = uncharged

DISCOUNTS—
Bank of England ..... 3 per cent = do
3 months' sight Bank Bills ..... 2 1-8 per cent = + 1-8
6 " " Fine Trade Bills ..... 2 1-2 per cent = + 1-8
3 " " Fine Trade Bills ..... 3 1-8 per cent = + 1-4

INTEREST—
Day to day loans ..... 2 1-4 per cent = + 5-8
7 day market loans ..... 2 per cent = + 3-4

RUBBER—
Para Rubber 4 9 1-4, buyers.

WHEAT—
Club No. 1 29 1-2, J.-A., sellers
White Karachi 27 1-2, J.-A., sellers } quieter.
Red Karnaul 27 J.-A., done }

KAFFIRSKORN—
Yellow Cawnpore 33 3-4 A.-S. buyers, quiet.

LINSEED—
Linseed Bold 31 1-2 J.-A. sellers, quiet.

COFFEE—
Coffee in New York, 7 1-4.

ARRIVALS—
Steamers Canada Cape, Olympia.

In Liverpool—Cotton Market closed firmer. Surats quiet. Manchester steady. Total sales 10,000. Spot 6·16 + 12. Egyptian F. G.F. Brown 7 + 1-16. Sold on speculation and for Export 500. Imports nil. Arrivals closed steady.

July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.
5·03	5·74	5·07
+13	+9	+8
Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.
5·24	5·20	5·17
+6	+6	+5
Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-April
5·16	5·16	5·17
+5	+5	+5

Receipts at U. S. Ports 2,000
Do. last year 100
Exports to Great Britain 7,000
Do. do Continent ..... nil

In New York—
Spot ..... 11·95 + 30
Future, month of July ..... 12·55 + 37
Do. do. December ..... 9·33 + 16

In New Orleans—
Spot ..... 10 13-16 + 1-4
Future, month of Sept. ..... 9·79 + 21
Do. do. Dec. ..... 9·36 + 15
Tone at close ..... steady.

Arrivals of Cotton, Wheat and Seeds into Bombay, for the 24 hours ending at 6 p. m., on Thursday, 7th July, 1904:—

Cotton	678 bales.
Wheat	10,248 cwts.
Linseed	8,178 "
Rape, Rai and Mustard	3,593 "
Gingellyseed	1,479 "
Poppyseed	4,136 "
Groundnuts	41 "
Castorseed	1,675 "
Rice	1,317 "
Myrabolams	310 "
Cottonseed	433 "
Mowrseed	3,838 "
Gram	459 "
Jowar	2,912 "
Maize	nil

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Gold Coin	Rs. 2,70,000
Ex s. s. Silesia, from Alexandria.	

BOMBAY, FRIDAY, JULY 8.

A fresh advance of the monsoon has taken place since our last mail report and excellent advices have been received from nearly all the districts from which Bombay is supplied. Guzerat and Kathiawar, where rain was so urgently needed, have received some heavy downpours, and for the present all anxiety is relieved in those parts. In Khandesh, Berars, Central Provinces, the United Provinces, and Rajputana good rains have fallen, and in these latter districts the kharif crop has made a good start; from further South, also good reports are to hand.

The issue of the new Rupee Loan for three Crores was announced in the "Gazette of India" of the 2nd instant, and all rumours regarding the putting aside of a portion of this loan for the Paper Currency reserve were set at rest. The loan for three crores is to be tendered for in full, and the conditions are the same as the 1900-01 loan, of which it is to form a part. Tenders will be received up to noon on Wednesday, the 13th July, and allotments are payable as to 35 per cent. on 25th July, 35 per cent. on 22nd August, and the balance on 19th September. The immediate effect of the announcement on the market was to cause a small decline of ¼ per cent in price, but even this was speedily recovered, and the quotation for cash paper has again ruled at about Rs. 98.

In oil seeds there have been firm markets in Europe throughout the week and prices have advanced to a moderate extent. This has naturally reacted on our local markets where a fairly large business has been transacted at advancing rates. Wheat has also been a firm market at home and to-day's quotations show an advance of about 1s. over those current a week ago. Cotton has been steady at the decline previously advised, the Agricultural Bureau report issued on 5th instant having been fully discounted last week.

The good rains reported from all parts of the country during the week under review, have put more life into the Import trade, and business is showing signs of more activity than has been apparent for some months past

COTTON.

Advices from Liverpool since last mail have shown more steadiness in this market. America was closed from Friday evening to Tuesday morning for Independence Day holidays. The Bureau report issued at Washington on the 5th instant gives the average condition of 11 Cotton States as 88 per cent, showing an improvement of 5 per cent. for the month of June. This was anticipated by the trade and prices were not effected thereby to any extent. To-day a moderate rise is reported for ready cotton.

The following are the daily spot prices of Middling Americans in Liverpool and New York since our last report:—

	Liverpool	New York.
July 1st	5·90	10·85
" 2nd	5·92	closed
" 4th	6·10	do.
" 5th	6·03	10·90
" 6th	6·04	10 75
" 7th	6·13	11·05

The quotations for the new crops show little alteration on the week, the variation in Liverpool being 2 or 3 points only.

In our local market, purchases of spot cotton are largely confined to the mills, and the daily turnover reported at Colaba is about one thousand bales. Prices continue more or less nominal for ready delivery. In the Sutta market, rates current are too high for export, and we hear of no inquiry for new crops from shippers. The quotation for fully good Bengals, 25th January delivery, is to-day Rs. 185 against Rs. 181 on the 3rd June, while good Broach M. G., 25th March delivery, is quoted Rs. 235 against Rs. 230 on the 3rd June. In the meanwhile the price of Mid-Uplands, December-January delivery, in Liverpool has given way nearly 1/2 per lb. within the last month. Prices of East Indians are relatively far too high, and until they approach a more normal parity, it is doubtful that any appreciable inquiry will arise in Europe for them, while available stocks in Bombay are sufficient for local mill consumption for this season, there will probably be a run on early arrivals of new crops for this purpose, and until these requirements are satisfied, our prices will not be reduced to the level of European Spinners' ideas. For the present, however, transactions in new crops are confined to the Sutta bazar.

COTTON STATISTICS.

	Bales
Receipts for the week	16,088
Receipts from 1st Oct. to July 7th	20,51,740
Shipments for week to Europe	3,872
Do. China, Japan, and Coast Ports	150
Total	4,022
Shipments from 1st Oct. to July 7th	
Europe	9,30,278
Japan	2,48,329
China	2,500
Coast Ports	15,003
Total	12,16,013
Afloat in Harbour for Europe ...	3,971
China, Japan, and Coast Ports ...	228

LIVERPOOL OPENING TELEGRAM.

Tone		steady.
Estimated sales	bales	6,000
Imports	do	4,000

July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.
6·03	5·81	5·48
+10	+10	+8
Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.
5·30	5·26	5·24
+6	+6	+6
Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mch.	Mch-Apl
5·23	5·21	5·23
+6	+6	+6

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

Firm and advancing markets are reported from Home since our last mail report. With regard to wheat this has possibly been caused by less favourable crop advices in some important producing countries, as has been known for some time on the lower Danubs districts. A smaller acreage has been planted in England, according to "Dornbusch" which may have produced a firm tone in the English markets. The price of oilseeds had reached a very low level, and an advance, sooner or later, was to be expected. Linseed, the chief article, by which the others are influenced to a great extent, has been shipped to Europe from Argentine and India in record quantities. But the low price created an equally big consumption, and the falling off in shipments with the advancing season has probably led to the higher prices now current. A further advance, however, depends on the demand still to be satisfied, and the quantities still available for that purpose. Rapeseed is also showing more life, probably in sympathy with the firmer tone in the Linseed market.

Locally the price of Linseed has advanced about 7 annas per cwt. and a fairly large business has been put through by shippers, speculators also buying. Rapeseed was also firm with a moderate enquiry from exporters, closing prices showing an advance of 3 to 4 annas per cwt. over last mail quotations. Poppyseed has advanced fully 7 annas per cwt., shippers and speculators buying. Castorseed is firm, but owing to small stocks, there has been little doing. Wheat locally is quiet but steady, purchases for export being chiefly made up-country.

Week's arrivals of Cotton, Wheat and Seeds into Bombay.

Cotton	16,088 bales
Wheat	82,83½ cwts
Linseed	74,924 "
Rape, Rai and Mustard	31,932 "
Gingelly seed	6,104 "
Poppyseed	21,916 "
Groundnuts	235 "
Castorseed	12,892 "
Rice	19,603 "
Myrabolams	2,829 "
Cottonseed	1,843 "
Mowrassed	17,574 "
Gram	5,550 "
Jowar	18,771 "
Maize	nil "

SEEDS—

	Rs.	a.	p.
Linseed.—Tone steady.			
Ready	6	0	0
Rapeseed.—Tone steady.			
Brown Cawnpore, Ready.	5	2	0
Yellow Cawnpore, Ready.	5	11	0
Yellow Gyzerat, Ready	5	12	0
Poppyseed.—Tone steady.			
Ready	6	0	0
Castorseed—Tone steady			
Ready	21	1-2	

WHEAT.—Tone quiet

Pissi 91·91 cent. ...	Rs. 26 3-4
Club, No. 1	Rs. 27 1-4

FREIGHT.

This market was very quiet, early in the week, owing to the rise in the Seeds markets, and the small bookings reported by shippers. For forward Shipments exporters are waiting for lower rates. At the close sellers are steady, but they do not meet with much encouragement from buyers. Some reliets were reported at 14s. 6d. for July loading. We quote for July shipment 14s. 6d. to 15s. 3d. according to ports required, August 14s. 3d. to 14s. 6d. p. p. and September to December 14s. p. p. The steamer Lindenhall was reported fixed at 15s. one p. p. July loading and a Clan Line steamer is also said to have been chartered, particulars not reported.

MONEY.

BANK RATE.—
Bank of England since 21st April 3 per cent.
Bank of Bombay do 16th June 3 do
Bank of Bengal do 23rd June 3 do
Bank of Madras do 6th July 4 do

The following is the Weekly Statement of the Bank of Bombay for the week ending 2nd July 1st, as compared with that of the previous week:—

LIABILITIES.	Rs.	
Public Deposits	139,082	Increase
Other Deposits	2,41,709	Increase
Sundries	23,165	Increase
ASSETS.		
Government Securities ...	829,012	Increase.
Other Authorized Securities	57,931	do
Credits on Securities ...	247,199	Decrease.
Loans do. ...	1,178,318	Increase.
Bills discounted & purchased...	373,230	do
Balance with other Banks ...	66,773	do
Sundries	104,143	do
Cash	524,571	do

These figures show a decline in the Trade Demand of 11·84 lakhs.

The Bank of Bengal weekly cash balance shows a rise of 24 lakhs and that of the Bank of Madras a decline of 3 lakhs. The Directors of the latter Bank have this week reduced their official rate of interest one per cent. to 4 per cent. per annum, In Bombay and Calcutta the rates are unchanged at 3 per cent per annum respectively.

The local money market is unaltered, Money is in plentiful supply and quotations for short fixed deposits are quite nominal.

THE BANK OF BENGAL.

The net profits of the Bank of Bengal for the past half-year, including the amount brought forward from the previous half-year, amounted to Rs. 20,40,715 which have been disposed of as follows:—In payment of a dividend at the rate of 10 per cent per annum free of Income Tax, Rs: 1,00,000; Transferred to reserve fund Rs: 4,00,000; Transferred to pension fund Rs: 1,00,000 carried forward to next half-year Rs: 5,40,715, total Rs 20,40,715.

THE BANK OF MADRAS.

The Bank of Madras has declared a Dividend of 8 per cent per annum, and after placing one lakh to the reserve fund has carried forward Rs. 2,56,533.

COUNCIL BILLS.

The total amount of Council Bills sold during the week ending on Tuesday evening was 50·30 lakhs, At the weekly allotment on Wednesday 40 lakhs were put up for tender, and of this amount 30·70 lakhs was taken up in Bills at 1s.3 31-32d and the balance, 9·30 lakhs, in telegraphic transfers at 1s 4d; tenderers at these rates received 14 per cent. An extra allotment of 4·60 lakhs in Bills on Calcutta was also made at 1s 4d. For next weeks 40 lakhs is again advertised for allotment.

The mail of the 24th June brings £60,000 gold, no shipment of silver, and the following Council Bills:—

Calcutta	Rs. 31 60,000
Bombay	" 13,10,000
Madras	" 5 30,000
Total...	Rs. 50,00,000.

The mail of the 1st July brings £40,000 silver and £50,000 gold, and the following Council Bills:—

Calcutta	Rs. 30,20,000
Bombay	" 14,30,000
Madras	" 3,40,000
(Total...	Rs. 47,90,000

The mail of the 8th July brings £63,000 silver and £70,000 gold, and the following Council Bills:—

Calcutta	Rs. 20,80,000
Bombay	" 8,70,000
Madras	" 3,80,000
Total...	Rs. 33,30,000

EXCHANGE.

The sterling exchange market has remained unaltered throughout the week. There is but little fresh business passing in Bombay to cause any fluctuations in the rates, and in Calcutta, also, the supply of bills forthcoming is still on very moderate lines. In the month of August we may look for some improvement in this respect, but in the current month it is doubtful that any material change will take place. Bank T. T. at 1s. 3 31-32d. and Bank Demand at 1s. 4d. are the best available quotations for July, and 1s.4 1-8d. for 3 months sight D.-A. credits has been on offer for two mails delivery. Forward quotations are all as we gave them last week.

Exchange—Tone steady.

Bank T.T. ..... 1s. 3 31-32d.
Bank Demand 1s. 4d
Credit Bills 3 Months' Sight D. A. 1s. 4 5-32d.

Do	6	do	do	1s. 4 1-4d
French Francs	3	do	do	..... 169 3-4
Marks	3	do	do	..... 138 to 137 3-4
Hongkong	80	Days'	Sight	 137
Shanghai	80	do	do	 191
Japan	80	do	do	..... 148 1-2

GOVERNMENT PAPER.

The new Rupee Loan for 3 crores was announced on Saturday the 2nd July, tenders to be opened on Wednesday the 13th July. The first effect on the market was to reduce rates to Rs. 97-12 for cash and 97-7 for 1st August settlement. At the decline Bears came in to cover sales, and, for the greater part of the current week, cash paper has again ruled about Rs. 98. At the close the market is quieter, possibly in sympathy with the fall in Consols which have given way 15-16ths during the week, including a decline of 7-16ths advised this morning.

3 1-2 per cent. cash	Rs. 97-13
3 1-2 per cent 1st August	Rs. 97-10
3 per cent ready	Rs. 88-8

	Repayable	Rate.
4 per cent Bombay Port Trust ...	1923	105 0
4 per cent " " ...	1930	105 8
4 per cent " " ...	1932	105 8
3½ per cent Bombay Municipal ...	1926	103 4
4 per cent " " ...	1943	104 8
5 per cent " " ...	Tanna	116 117
5 per cent " " ...	Sanitary	115 116
3½ per cent Bd. Impt. " Trust ...	1939	104
4 per cent " " ...	1962	104

BULLION.

The silver market here has been very firm in sympathy with advices from the other side, where prices have advanced owing to a large enquiry for the metal from France. The settlement passed off quietly on the 2nd inst. when about 500 bars were withdrawn for up-country. The week's sales by the Banks amount to about £50,000.

	Rs.	a.	p.
English Bar Gold	21	0	0
Australian Bar Gold	21	0	0
Bombay do	21	0	0
English Shield Sovereigns	15	2	6
Do. Dragons	15	0	0
Silver—Quiet—Ready	68	12	0
Do. 1st settlement	68	10	0
Do. 2nd do.	68	4	0

PIECE-GOODS.

There is no improvement to report. Prices are weak and lower than last week, whilst there is no demand from up-country and no inclination on the part of dealers here to buy for forward shipment. Good rains have fallen generally and an improvement is looked for shortly.

METALS.

Copper and yellow metal are steady but we hear of no forward business passing with offices. In iron and steel the markets are very quiet. In quicksilver a small business is reported in a steady market. Spelter has advanced in England but locally this has had little effect.

COALS.

The following are the imports of coal to Bombay from 1st January to 20th June 1904, compared with the same period in 1903.

	1904.	1903.
Bengals	4,35,380	5,01,729
English	79,353	9,753
Japan	7,363	1,352
Australian	11,013	14,788
American	500	nil
Total Tons	5,33,615	6,12,973

Small sales of Steel's Anthracite are reported at Rs. 11 for September shipment.

SHARES.

The market is steady. Bank of Bombay shares are reported to have changed hands at Rs. 1,295 C.D., Commercials are quiet at Rs. 50. In miscellaneous list Alcocks are steady at Rs. 270, Badham Piles have changed hands to Rs. 144, Bombay Burmahs have improved to Rs. 7,600, and Quarter shares to Rs. 1,915, Delhi Flour Mill shares are quiet at Rs. 197, Kemps have changed hands at Rs. 249 C.D. Treachers at Rs. 527 1/2 X.D. Oriental Life shares at Rs. 135, Bombay Telephones at Rs. 25 1/2, Port Canning and Land I Company shares at Rs. 432 1/2. Marcks at Rs. 130, X.D. In Press shares Mofussils have improved to Rs. 532 1/2. New Berars have declined to Rs. 530. Indian Cottons are steady at Rs. 162 1/2, Hingolees are quiet at Rs. 143 3/4. Harvey and Sabbapathy have declined to Rs. 605. Breul's Cawnpore have changed hands at Rs. 200 and Sindh Punjab at Rs. 1,920. In Railway Companies, Tapti Valleys have changed hands at and about Rs. 390 and Ahmedabad Prantoj at Rs. 522 1/2. A number of Ahmedabad Dholka Railway Companies shares are reported to have changed hands at Rs. 100. In Mill shares Bombay Cottons have advanced to Rs. 477 1/2. Central Indias are in demand at Rs. 1,550, Chinas are unchanged at Rs. 530. Curriunbhais have improved to Rs. 670. Colaba Land and Mill shares are weak at Rs. 415. Davids are unchanged at Rs. 225, Hindoostan at Rs. 360, Indian Manufacturing Companies have advanced to Rs. 430, Jamsheds have changed hands at Rs. 75, Khandesh Mill shares have improved to Rs 630, Madras United have changed hands at Rs. 2,225 Maneckji Petits during the earlier part of the week advanced to Rs. 2,185 but at the close they have come down to Rs. 2,140. Morarjis are in demand at Rs. 1,750 and Sholapurs at Rs. 1,875. Sassoon Cotton Mill shares have improved to Rs. 740 Swadeshis are steady at Rs. 835 and Standards at Rs 410. Kohinoors have changed hands at Rs. 362 1/2. Textile Manufacturing Company shares at and about Rs. 750. The rest are unchanged.

KEMP & COMPANY, LD.

THE twenty-third ordinary general meeting of the shareholders of this Company was held yesterday afternoon in the Company's new laboratory, Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Sir Harkisondass Narrottamdass presiding. The following is the directors' report:—

The Board of Directors now submit to the shareholders the twenty-second annual report showing the working of the company for the nine months ending the 31st March 1904. It is proposed that the sum of Rs. 3,231-9-0 be written off for depreciation. The balance of profit and loss account is Rs. 32,541-9-0 which the Directors recommend to be disposed of as follows:—Dividend of 9 per cent. per annum on paid-up capital, or Rs. 11-13 per share, Rs. 23,625 depreciation of plant and furniture Rs. 3,231-9-0; bonus to staff Rs. 2,775-0-0; bad debts Rs. 19-15-5 to reserve fund Rs. 2,712-14-4. The reserve fund now stands at Rs. 2,35,113-2-6 and with the Rs. 2,712-14-4 now proposed to be added to it, will make it Rs. 2,37,825-14-10. The directors are quite satisfied with all the details of the management, and the efficiency of the staff, which includes seven European diplomaed chemists. The Directors are satisfied with the working of the branches at Cumballa Hill, Byculla and Tajmahal Hotel. Under Section 86 of the Articles of Association, two of the Directors, viz., Mr. Rustomjee B. Jeejeebhoy and Dr. R. Row, retire from office by rotation but under Section 88 are eligible for re-election. The Auditor, Mr. Pestonji Nusserwanji Wadia, elected by the Directors at the desire of the shareholders also retires from office, and it will be for the shareholders present to elect an auditor for the ensuing year and to fix his remuneration.

The chairman in moving the adoption of the report said:—I have once again the pleasure to lay before you our report which you will see is made out for the nine months ending March 31st as notified to you in my address last year. In closing our books three months earlier than usual we had various difficulties to contend with. Our turn-over for that period was a record one and the actual business done has been considerably more than on any previous occasion. Competition has, however, been keener and our profits considerably less, but the increased turn-over has helped us. At the same time we deemed it expedient to secure a favourable opportunity for condensing our work and bringing our Laboratory under the same roof as the general business and therefore more under personal supervision. We therefore secured the premises occupied by the old "Times of India" printers, where we are at present meeting and you will, I am sure, agree with me that we could not have a more suitable place for our Laboratory than this is. We have sublet the old Laboratory in Armenian Lane which still remains your property on a favourable rent and the cost of moving our plant and fittings has not been excessive, although it entailed an expense that will not be necessary another year. This change and the increase of business and consignments increase of stock and outstandings and also the alteration in the date for closing our accounts necessitated our borrowing the sum you see on the balance sheet and your directors have after careful consideration resolved that it was better to borrow the money at a reasonable rate of interest than to run up the capital which is at all times as liquid as possible. You are aware we take special precautions with our stock-taking and as it is not easy for laymen like your Directors to check and value such a large stock as yours which consists of thousands of articles we decided to have independent verification and therefore appointed two independent gentlemen who are professional men of business to check the whole of the stock.

The report as well as the audited accounts were approved and adopted and a dividend at the rate of Rs. 11-13-0 per share was declared. Mr. Rustomji Byramji Jejeebhoy and Dr. R. Row were re-elected directors, and Rs. 2,775, to be distributed among the company's employés at the discretion of the general manager, was sanctioned. Mr. P. N. Wadia was appointed auditor for the current year on a remuneration of Rs. 350. Thanks to the Chairman and the General Manager terminated the proceedings.

DIVINE SERVICES.

ST. THOMAS' CATHEDRAL
VI SUNDAY, AFTER TRINITY JULY 10.

7·30 a.m.—Matins.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion—Choral Eyre in E flat.
Hymns—535, 537 and 218.
9 p. m.—Children's Service.
6 p.m.—Evensong Canticles.—Standford in B flat and Sermon
Hymns—228, 18 and 230.
Collections Church Expenses.
Daily Matins at 9·45 a.m. and Evensong at 5 p.m.
Daily Holy Communion at 7·15 a.m.

ALL SAINTS' CHURCH, MALABAR HILL.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.

CHURCH OF ST. MARY THE VIRGIN, PAREL.
(Madras Time)
8 a.m.—Celebration of the Holy Communion.
9·30 a. m.—Matins and Sermon.
Hymns—221, 211 and 176.
No Evening Services.

WESLEYAN CHURCH.
(Colaba Causeway.)
8 a.m.—Parade Service. Preacher—Rev. A. S. Revnell.
6 p.m.—Evening Service. Preacher—Rev. W. Lane.
4·30 p.m.—Sunday School.
8·30 to 9·30 p.m.—Social Hour.
(Wesleyan Church, Victoria Gardens, Byculla.
9·30 a.m.—Preacher—Rev. A. J. Revnell.
6 p.m.—Preacher—Rev A. J. Revnell.
4·30 p.m.—Sunday School.

ST. NICHOLAS' SEAMEN'S CHURCH.
(Opposite the Main Gate of Victoria Dock.)
8 a. m.—Matins and Sermon.
6·30 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.
Wednesday Evensong and Sermon.
Chaplain Rev Alex S. Crichton.

St. ANDREW'S CHURCH.
(Church of Scotland.)
6 p.m.—Evening Service.
Psalm—1. Tune 87.
Hymn—93.
Hymn—92.
Hymn—291.

MISSION CHURCH, GIRGAUM.
7-15 a.m.—Litany, Holy Communion and Sermon
6 p.m.—Evening Service and Sermon.
Collections for the Church Expenses and Poor.

St. JOHN THE EVANGELIST, COLABA.
(Afghan Memorial Church.)
8 a.m.—Choral—Celebration of the Holy Communion.
7 a.m.—Parade Service.
5 p. m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evensong, Choral and Sermon.
Offertories—during the day for Church Expenses.

CHRIST CHURCH, BYCULLA.
7-30 a.m.—Matins.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion—(Choral)
Hymns—5, 177, 315 and 187.
4·45 Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.
Hymns—242, 191, and 235.

THE UNITED FREE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND
(Wandby Road.)
8 a.m.—Children's Service.
11 a. m.—United Service. (St. Andrew's Church.)
4·30 p.m.—Fellowship Association.
6 p.m.—Evening Service—Rev Alex S. Crichton.
Hymns—159, 211 and 213.
Psalm—107.

HOLY TRINITY CHURCH.
7·30 a.m.—Matins.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion.
Hymns—178, 559 and 237.
5 p. m. Childrens Service.
6 p. m.—Evensong and Sermon.
Hymns—531, 274 and 537.
Offertories for Church Expenses.

THE CITY MORTALITY.

THE Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours ending at 6 a. m. yesterday, give the following results:—

Wards.	Plague. Attacks.	Deaths.	Deaths, from all Causes.
A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern Fort Southern and Esplanade	0	0	5
B Mandvi, Chaukla, Umarkhadi and Dongri	5	3	18
C Market, Dhobi Talao, Fanaswady, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao and Kumbharwada,	1	1	19
D Khetwady, Girgaum, Chowpatty, Walkeshwar and Malabar Hill	0	0	3
E Mazagon, Tarwady, 2nd Nasapeer, Kamathipura, Tardeo, Byculla, and 1st Nagpada	2	2	8
F Parel, Sewri and Sion	0	0	4
G Mahimkhadi Wadi	0	0	1
Water Division	0	0	0
Non-Resident and Unknown	0	0	1
Cantonment	0	0	2
Total	8	6	76
Total plague cases to date ...	376,210	336,392	
Total plague cases last year ...	12	17	9

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcements of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM Notices (which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender) is Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line Cash strictly in ADVANCE.

EUROPE.

BIRTHS.

SOWERBY—COO—June 25, at Southsea, the wife of C W Sowerby-Coo, Indian Telegraphs, of a daughter.
SCOTT—June 30, at Blomfield Terrace London, the wife of J Scott, Foreign Office, India, of a son.
SANGSTER—At Reigate, Surrey England, the wife of Captain A B Sangster, Cantonment Magistrate, Nasirabad, of a son, (By cable.)

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTH.

GOUGH—June 27, at Hyderabad, Deccan, the wife of Hugh Gough, F A to I G of Police and Jails of a daughter.

MARRIAGE.

PARRY—PEPPE—June 22, at St Paul's Cathedral, Ranchi, by the Right Rev the Bishop of Chota N

THE
NEW EGERTON WOOLLEN MILLS COMPANY, LD.,
DHARIWAL, PUNJAB,
Manufacture Everything they deal in, including
TUSSAH SERGES
Specially designed for Bombay wear to stand daily washing.
SUPERFINE CASHMERES
for LADIES' COSTUMES,
in 60 Shades,
54" wide, Rs. 3-0 per yard.
—
SUITINGS FOR THE HILLS, SCHOOL HOME OR SHIKAR.
NAVY SERGES,
NAVY WORSTEDS,
NAVY BROADCLOTHS,
For YACHTING and AT SEA.
BLANKETS for HORSE, SERVANT, ARMY, HOSPITAL and BED.
Knitted Cholera Belts, As. 9 to Rs. 1-4,
All Army Necessaries and all Classes of Woollen
(but no Cotton or Linen)
GOODS.
Officers Commanding Regiments and Quartermasters are respectfully requested to send for our Price List of
REGIMENTAL GOODS.
—
DHARIWAL,
PUNJAB.

Accidents and Disease
INCLUDING
ENTERIC FEVER
INSURED AGAINST BY
THE RAILWAY PASSENGERS ASSURANCE COMPANY,
One of the Oldest and Wealthiest Accident Companies.
INDIAN AGENTS
MESSRS. KING KING & CO.,
BOMBAY.

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BOMBAY ELECTRIC Co.,
ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS
AND
CONTRACTORS.
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STOCK & SHOW ROOMS,
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The introduction of the Prism has very materially reduced the size of Binoculars, while the "field of view" has been enlarged and the defining power brought to the highest state of perfection.
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OIL HEATERS.
PORTABLE,
SMOKELESS AND
REQUIRES NO FLUE.
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NORTHUMBERLAND AVENUE
CHARING CROSS, LONDON, W. C.
TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS PULICATE LONDON.
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CONSIGNMENTS received and promptly despatched with best and cheapest facilities.
PASSAGES booked by a line of Steamers.
ALL AGENCY BUSINESS undertaken.
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THE OLDEST INSURANCE OFFICE IN THE WORLD.
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45 per cent. reduction of PREMIUM after 5 years, and other tables. Lowest Rates.
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WITH
GUNMETAL and MALLEABLE IRON HUBS,
CARRIAGE SUNDRIES
consisting of
SPRINGS, AXLES, LAMPS, HOODSTOCKS, SHAFTS, HOOD LEATHERS, LEATHER CLOTH, etc., etc.
SADDLERY GOODS.
HARNESSES, SADDLES, BITS, & CURBS, HEAD COLLARS, KNEE CAPS, BOOTS, BUCKLES, REINS, etc., etc.
LARGE STOCK ALWAYS KEPT.
PRICES MODERATE.
Apply to
GOVINDJEE MADHOWJEE & CO.,
67, Meadow Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

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SECOND HAND.
S. ROSE & Co., have a number of good Grand, Upright and Square PIANOS returned from Hire or on
COMMISSION SALE.
Rs. 150, TO Rs. 1,200.
—
FORT, BOMBAY.
S. ROSE & Co.

NO DOUBT
Imitation is the Highest Flattery!
We will give
Rs. 5,000
FIRST PRIZE, Rs. 2,000 CASH
To the purchasers of any one of the following articles:—
Set of STUDS or CHAIN, Rs. 1/8.
Pure Silver LADY'S NECK CHAIN, Rs. 2/8.
Set of PURE SILVER STUDS, Rs. 3.
English Lever Round TIMEPIECE, (WITH FIVE YEARS' GUARANTEE.) Rs. 3/8.
English Lever Square TIMEPIECE, (WITH TEN YEARS' GUARANTEE.) Rs. 4/8.
Lady's or Gent's SILVER WATCH, (WITH FIVE YEARS' GUARANTEE.) Rs. 7/8.
WILL YOU READ THIS?
[Our Watches and Timepieces are well worth their money; they are Durable and Reliable Timekeepers, for which we give a guarantee to set right free of cost, including breakage of Mainspring, Oiling, etc., etc.; also will pay the postage when sent to us for Repairs.]
Prize Tickets issued free of cost up to the 6th August 1904, and the drawing will be held on the 13th August 1904, on the Art Union Principle in the presence of the public. All are cordially invited.
WEDDING AND BIRTHDAY PRESENTS.
A large stock of English Fancy Timepieces and cheap Jewellery of the latest designs from Rs. 3 to Rs. 110.
PRIZES.

		Rs.
Prize Cash		2,000
1 Do.	"	250
1 Do.	"	100
20 Prizes	" Rs. 10 each....	200
500 Do.	" " 5 "	2,500
523 Prizes		Rs. 5,000

EXTRA PRIZE, Rs. 300.
N.B.—Out-Station Orders are promptly and carefully attended to on V.-P. P. System only.
And NOT against Money Order.
C. ARDESHER & Co.,
SOLE AGENTS,
ART JEWELLERS AND WATCH MANUFACTURERS,
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ATANK-NIGRAH PILLS.—A successful remedy based on most advanced and modern researches in the Ayurved, or Native Medical Science, for nervous diseases and physical debility, premature exhaustion and loss to vital energy with other allied affections. A Pamphlet, containing Testimonials from Europeans, will be sent free of charge on application.
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VAIDYA SHASTRI MANISHANKAR GOVINDJI.
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REUTER'S OLD BUILDINGS.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE P and O Co's extra steamer Nubia, 3844 tons, Captain F N Tillard, arrived in harbour yesterday from London 15th June, with a general cargo.

THE Bombay and Persia S N Co's steamer Moshtari, 1,110 tons, Captain A D Storey, arrived in harbour on the 7th instant from Aden 30th June, with a general cargo and two deck passengers.

THE German East Africa Line steamer Reichstag, 1319 tons, Captain H Tula, arrived in harbour yesterday from Durban 9th June with a general cargo and 112 deck passengers.

MEN-OF-WAR AND ROYAL INDIAN MARIN SHIPS.

IN GOVT. DOCKYARD.

H M S Perseus	Capt M R Hill	Royal Navy
H M S Redbreast	Lt Comdr H G Somerville	Royal Navy
R I M S Harlinge	De Horsy	R I Marine
R I M S Canning	Wilson	R I Marine
R I M S Lawrence	Lt Comdr Huddleston	R I Marine
R I M S Investigator	Comdr T H Heming	Survey steamer
Torpedo Boat	Baluchi	
Do	Karen	
Do	Pathan	

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—JULY 8.

Vessel.	Ton.	Cont.	Destination	Dock.	Agent.
Deutschland bq	763	Nacoda			The Captain
Fazul Karim	636	Nacoda			G Mutlowni
Jelinga	2391	Windeknk			M M & Co
Avoca	3410	Lowe			M M & Co
Capara	1216	Carey			M M & Co
Shahnoor	2198	Davisong			E Tajeboy
India	2301	Forbes			M M & Co
Muira	2986	Alexander			M M & Co
Java	920	Carey			M M & Co
Nadori	1103	Metcalfe			B & P & N Co
Imaum	701	Carberthy			S Nixon & Co
Megna	772	Macgregor			M M & Co
Upada	3302	Stedrica			M M & Co
Onda	2410	Robertson			M M & Co
Rajpur	3615	Craig		Calcutta	T M & Co
Chindwara	2134	Maclean			M M & Co
Anchusa	2941	Reid			S Nixon & Co
Adato	2145	Brodie			Bombay Co
Landaura	2150	Farquharson			M M & Co
Diana (Ger)	2687	Hainsohn			W & A & Co
Rifenstag	Tula				A Strauden

VESSELS IN DOCKS.
PRINCE'S DOCK.

Ton.	Ca	Shed	Vessel.	Fr.	Destination	Date.	Agents.
A Clan Grant			2955	Cowie			F Muir & Co
B Clan Macintyre			3532	Fisheden	Amsdam	11-7	TM & Co
C Castello			2519	Gracian	Hull	11-7	F M & Co
D Kenwsley Hall			2720	Buck	Kchee	12-7	K Nixon & Co
G Mahammadi			1252	Galley	Jeddah	14-7	B & P S N Co
H Moshtari			1110	Storey	Red Sea Ports	15-7	B & P S N Co
I Welsh Prince			3218	Douglas	Antwerp	15-7	W & A Co
K Fultala			2702	LeMarchand	Liverpool	9-7	M M & Co
L Akbar			1849	Baldwin	Mauritius	16-7	B & P S N Co
M King Arthur			1017	Bunce	P Gulf	19-7	B & P S N Co
N Surada			3100	Honeywood	Calcutta		M & Co
P Loodiana			2421	Sharp	Zanzibar		15-7 M M & Co

Alongside.

K Ismaila			3381	Steenbrg		stream	16-7 M M & Co

HARBOUR WALL P. DOCK.

Mahanadi			317	Houston	Kchee		12-7 Stephens
Puri			857	Ahmed	Sanjira		14-7 Shepherd
Rawati			992	Ahmed	Bhugar		shpd & Co
Satrunji			947	Ahmed	M Goa		9-7 shpd & Co
Pekin			2423		Cookes		12-7 P & O Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

Shed.	Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination.	Date.	Agent.
2	Britannia	1979	Garrick	Liverpool	16-7	W & A G & C.
3	Levanzo	2287		Genoa	15-7	F S N Co
4	Capri	2718	Belsito	China	16-7	F R S N Co
5	Havralse	3468	James	Dunkirk	23-7	J M & C.
6	Cayonandel	1783	Mc.Ilcid	China	27-	P & O C.
7	Oriental	3089	Spicer	London	8-7	P & O Co
8	Silesia	331	Stable	Calcutta	9-7	A L S N Co
9	Alavia	2974	Peel	Mauritius	16-7	B Tajeboy
12	Kercolia	1458	Brooks	P Gulf	12-7	M M & Co
14	Dwarka	759	Rotowell	Karachi	9-7	M M & Co
16	Nubia	3849	Tolard	China	13-7	P & O S N Co

ARRIVALS.

July.	Vessel.	Commander.	From
7	Moshtari s	Storey	Aden, June 30
8	Natia s	Tillard	London, June 15
	Reichstag s	Pole	Durban, June 9

DEPARTURE.

July.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
8	Dagfred s	Milberg	Bangkok, &c

The following vessels entered for loading yesterday —
Steamer Capri, for China, &c
" Lovanzo, for Genoa, &c

CALCUTTA.
ARRIVALS.

July	Names.	Tons.	From
5	Barrosdell	2515	Bombay
5	Safara	3527	Bombay
5	Pundua	2128	Rangoon
5	Somali	4300	London

DEPARTURES.

July	Names.	Tons.	For
5	Waroonga	1619	Rangoon
5	Zuiu	1786	Singapore
5	Cogeelia	1022	Cape Ports
5	Gisella	2340	Trieste
5	Palermo	3830	London
6	Craftsman	1011	London
6	Uganda	3451	Bombay
6	Hortensius	2125	Antwerp

MADRAS
ARRIVALS.

June.	Vessels.	From
28	Falls of Kelso	Calcutta
30	Clan Macaulay	Pondicherry
July.		
1	Clan Forbes	Colombo
3	Marionfels	Antwerp
3	Clan Sutherland	Liverpool
5	Bangala	Rangoon

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The B I S N Co's steamer Goorkha left Marseilles for homewards on the evening of the 8th instant.

DAILY EXPORTS.—JULY 8.
FOR LIVERPOOL.
Knowsley Hall s—2414 bales cotton seed Gadhum and Co
Faltala s—740 cwts cotton seed Ralli Brothers; 2203 cwts myrabolams Eqlee Oomersey
Britannia s—120 bales wool C Nanjee; 302 bales cotton fly and 35 bales cotton H S Bodla and Sons; 100 cwt wheat Sandar and Co; 555 cwts wheat sweepings H Kanjee; 501 cwts myrabolams G Madhowjee; 3590 myrabolams Washjee Becher
FOR GLASGOW.
Britannia s—1500 cwts cotton seed Washjee Becher
FROM MARSEILLES.
Britannia s—150 cwts arachidnee The Bombay Co; 3300 cwts ginnelly seed R D Sassoon and Co; 1000 cwts linseed, 2500 cwts poppyseed, 2500 cwts linseed Ralli Brothers; 1989 cwts mowra oil Jha Fac'ri
FOR BARCELONA.
Britannia s—110 bales cotton Ralli Bros
Lovanzo s—90 bales cotton E Spinner and Co
FOR DUNKIRK.
Havraise s—3687 cwts rapeseed, 554 cwts poppyseed, 564 cwts poppyseed R D Sassoon and Co; 1010 cwts rapeseed Killick Nixon and Co; 55 bales cotton Ralli Brothers; 2000 cwts linseed Societa Coloniale Italiana; 1001 cwts linseed David Sassoon and Co; 2020 cwts linseed, and 500 cwts mowra seed Volkart Brothers; 7 bales cotton Gadhum and Co
Imaum s—1000 cwts linseed John Fachiri; 1030 cwts poppyseed Ernst Lamb and Co; 1000 cwts poppyseed and 3000 cwts linseed David Sassoon and Co; 2000 tons manganese ore R A Wyllie; 1000 cwts poppyseed Killick Nixon and Co 22901 cwts linseed Ralli Brothers; 2349 cwts linseed and 1410 cwts poppyseed E D Sassoon and Co; 4625 cwts myrabolams W Bohrer; 5302 cwts linseed, 1000 cwts poppyseed Volkart Brothers
FOR HAVRE.
Havraise s—1203 cwts mungo seed A Blaschcek and Co; 2001 cwts rapeseed N Khairaz and Co; 300 bales cotton Gadhum and Co
FOR AMSTERDAM.
Clan Macintyre s—32925 cwts linseed Ralli Bros
FOR GENOA.
Lovanzo s—150 cwts linseed Ralli Brothers 700 bales cotton 2000 cwts linseed, and 6251 cwts castorseed Volkart Bros 2000 cwts linseed Ernst Lamb and Co; 1970 cwts linseed David Sassoon and Co; 19,904 cwts linseed 250 tons old iron Societa Coloniale Italiana; 3001 cwts linseed John Fachiri; 1000 cwts linseed E D Sassoon and Co; 2200 cwts linseed Ralli Brothers; 2300 cwts rapeseed 1600 cwts linseed Killick Nixon and Co; 1093 cwts linseed A Blaschcek and Co
FOR CATAVIA.
Lovanzo s—125 bales cotton Volkart Brothers
FOR LIVERPOOL.
Lovanzo s—14017 cwts linseed Ralli Brothers; 2001 cwts rapeseed, Societa Coloniale Italiana.
FOR ALEXANDRIA.
Lovanzo s—1125 cwts gingelly seed Jona Fachiri;
FOR NAPLES.
Lovanzo s—3030 cwt castorseed Ralli Brothers; 2300 cwt castorseed Society Coloniale Italiana; 1001 cwt castorseed A Blaschcek and Co.
FOR TRIESTE.
Faltala s—16 1-2 cwt guts Mayer and Rolcher.
FOR KOBE.
Mubia s—70 bales wool The Mitsui Bussan Kaisha.
FOR SHANGHAI.
Nubia s—500 bales twist R S N Talati and Co.
Capri s—200 bales twist Jamshedjee Bogaand Co; 1503 bales twist Talati and Co; 300 bales twist Sassoon J David and Co; 240 bales twist Silas E Sassoon; 600 bales twist Ebrahim Noordin and Co.
FOR HONGKONG.
Nubia s—1407 cwt barley M Rambhegat; 251 cwt oplate M H E Elias; 63 cwt ivory K Manjee.
Capri s—500 bales twist S Sassoon J David and Co; 1000 bales twist E D Sassoon and Co; 150 bales twist R S Woonwalla and Co; 425 bales twist Cursetjee Bomanjee and Co; 400 bales twist Ebrahim Noordin and Co; 22 cwt nurkwong A H Manjee and Co.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

SQUADRON ORDERS, BY MAJOR T. W. CUFFE, COMMANDING BO. LT. HORSE,
Bombay, July 9.

1 The Range at Colaba will be reserved for the monthly challenge Cup and practice for Saturday afternoon the 9th instant from 3 p.m.
2 There will be Drill for Recruits in the Town Hall on Monday the 11th Tuesday 12th and Thursday the 14th instant from 5-30 p.m.
3 The signalling class will meet at the Town Hall also on the 12th and 14th instant at 5-30 p.m.
4 Messrs D W Innes and H C Bayne having joined are taken on the strength and posted to "B" Troop.

By Order,
F. A. REDDE, Lieut.,
Ag. Adjutant, Bo. Lt. H.

HIGH COURT.—JULY 9.

Before The Ho'ble Mr. Justice B. TYABJEE.
Petition for hearing.

In the matter of Merwanjee Eduljee Parekh an imbecile, and in the matter of a suit 605 of 1903 wherein Ruttenbai is plaintiff and the said Merwanjee Eduljee Parekh and another are defendants—K D Shroff, Edgelow G and W, Rottonal Petitioner.

Suits for hearing and final Disposal, Long Causes.

203 32—Tyabji D and Co—Raja Bahadur Chutoorbujdas Gordhandas vs Manchershaw Chopha and another —Wadia and Co—Part heard.
98-04—Crawford Bagod Co—Charles Douglas and another vs Damodar Khimjee—Unwalla and P—Commercial Cause.
105-04—Hiralal D—Vajeram Sakheram Dewan vs Purshotamdas Admmulas—M B Chothia.
151-03—Payne and Co—Kikia Kho shai and anr vs Rustomjee Ardashir Cooper—Mulla and M For Postponement.
689-03—Mulla and M—Rajabai Ramjee Lakhdir vs Samson Huskel—Captain and V.
332-04—Mulla and M—Rajabally R. Lakdhor vs Samson Huskil—Captain and V.
677-03—Kanga and P—Ganeshlal Jaharimull and another vs Chathmull Jivanram—Payne and Co.
455-1901803—Tyabjee D and Co—Manekal vs Mistry Adam Abi Patel—Jehangbir and S.
75-02—Little and Co—Rahimtoola Ebhairaj and other vs Gangaram Vithaldas—Thakurdas and Co.
123-02—Jamesjee and R—Abdul Hussein Nujmudin Chinwala vs Sakinaboo widow and others—Payne and Co Bashanker K and G and D D Romer.
612-03—Bicknell M and M—Bai Vahalivahu widow vs Hemraj Jagsang and another—Malvi H and M.
870-26—Little and Co—Raghowji Vilpal vs Narrondas Parmanand—In person.
251-00—Little and Co—Raghowjee Vilpal vs Narsondas Parmanand.
79-01 And 0309-03—J P Dastur—Cowasjee Furdoonjee Postwala vs Raisey Ansarbhand—Little and Co.
726-03—Madhowjee and V—Gangabai Allas Premnabai vs Haridas Narrenjee—Depitary and F.

LAWRENCE & MAYO,

OPHTHALMIC OPTICIANS
TO THE PRINCIPAL OPHTHALMIC SURGEONS IN THE EAST,
By Appointment to
H. E. LORD CURZON OF KEDLESTON, P.C., G.M.S.I., G.M.I.E.,
VICEROY AND GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA.

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NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications intended for publication in our columns must be addressed to THE EDITOR and not to any individual member of the staff.

The Bombay Gazette

SATURDAY, JULY 9, 1904.

FAMINE-FOODS.

MUCH scientific investigation has been industriously pursued by home analysts in discovering the value of the wild grains and roots to which the starving people of this country had recourse during the famines now happily past. Mr. F. Noel Paton in 1901 sent home for examination samples of the uncultivated foods collected and used by the Bhils during the time of scarcity, adding thereto notes as to their mode of use, their rough value as life-sustainers, and other useful details furnished by Mr. S. M. Bharucha in the Panch Mahals and by Mr. Garda in Dholka who collected the 18 samples sent. These have now been classified and analysed. In the "Agricultural Ledger" for this year, we find the report on the different values of these wild grains or plants as substitutes for the stronger grains and pulse that form the staple food of the people in ordinary years. Many of these wild things have been well-known to the natives of India as esculent at all times, and were eaten in different districts. They must be more or less independent of the rainfall and grow in arid places, else the analyses on which so much time has been expended would be of little practical use, for they would share the fate in dry years of the cultivated crops. In 1901 the samples were sent home, and in 1904 appears the report on their nutritive value from the pen of Drs. D. Noel Paton and J. Crawford Dunlop of Edinburgh. The results of the scientific operations of the learned doctors correspond very fairly with the conclusions arrived at by the natives of this country in regard to the practical value of the wild seeds and plants by which they sought to sustain life during the terrible famine months. Experience taught them which were best and how they could safest utilise them. They had no time to wait for analysis, while their lives were at stake, and though many died from unwise indulgence, in food unsuited to them in their famished condition, many of the hill tribes and others tided over the days of scarcity by the help of these despised and uncultivated weeds that could grow irrespective of the weakness or strength of the monsoon. The Hill Tribes seem to have been the most resourceful in finding and utilising substitutes for the grain they could not get during the famine. Probably their frugal life at all times and their poverty had familiarised them with the wild grains. The richer and better fed people who only seek their food in ordinary markets neither did or could assimilate them to the same extent and suffered accordingly. What practical lessons and benefits may flow from the close analyses that figure in the pages of the "Agricultural Ledger," time will tell. We may hope that before the next famine spreads its gloomy shadow over India, there will be ample leisure in which to formulate methods in which food-surrogates can be used without injury to the health of the people.

An imitation of oats, Samo or panicum colonum, takes first place in the list, it grows in black soil without any cultivation. Hundreds of Bhils were busy gathering it in the famine years from August to October, getting it off the stalks into baskets by means of a flapper. When the grass dries up in October, it is by no means so easy to gather, for the seed is then on the ground and it has to be swept up, when of course it is largely mixed with earth, which has to be got rid of. The seeds are pounded and winnowed, and then ground, baked into bread with or without a mixture of maize or grain as the owners can afford, and eaten with chutney or onions, or anything else that flavours it. The Bhils consider it poor nourishment, so they eat from 2½ to 3 pounds of this where 1½ or 2 pounds of maize would suffice. They throve on it, and it seems to be relished at all times by the poor people, even the high class Hindus eating this grain on their fast days. It injures the health less than any of the other wild grains, and tastes better. Cattle approve highly of it. There are many other seeds closely resembling this Samo, but less nourishing and only discovered during the famine. Anki Manki grass gives a kind of millet that is not pleasant in taste, and is too like sand to be wholesome, yet it was eaten in the famine, though its effects were very bad. Job's Tears, or Kasaiya has stood the analysis well as a nutritive seed. Its kernel tastes like wheat, and a pound and half of it will be sufficient for a man per day, but the people do not turn to it while they can get Samo. The Nymphœa Lotus or Ghitola that grows in tanks was another of the wild seeds to which the people had recourse. One seer of this is enough. Colds and coughs follow a more generous consumption of it. Tneck and Bid grass roots are roasted, ground and made into palatable bread, but the first is not a good exclusive diet, being a "cold" food. And unless the hairy parts of the root are well burnt off, the effect of both these foods is bad. Analysis shows that some of the grains have an energy value greater than that of barley-meal, the lowest of western cereals used for the table. They contain more fibre and much ash-possibly from the earth mixture—bad qualities in food. Job's Tears is rich in proteids and fats and has more energy value than any of the foods analysed. In this direction Zinjroo was found equal to wheat.

The pot-herbs that are grown and used in such variety by natives of this country, have been the special study of Mr. David Hooper F.I.C., F.C.S., especially those belonging to the Amaranth, the Goosefoot and the Knotweed orders. Among the first we find the familiar Indian Spinach, red and green, of many kinds, containing over twenty per cent. of protein. This is more valuable than many other more dignified vegetables. The plant grows without provocation in any cultivated land in every part of India. The chenopodium, or goosefoot, is cultivated both for its leaves and its grain which is considered better than buckwheat. The herbs in the next class are beneath the Spinach family in nourishing value, though many of them are much resorted to in famine times. The salt-worts that grow in arid regions afford often the only available food for camels in the cold season, and when boiled to take out the saline matter, the people in the districts are glad to eat them. One of these the Lana, or haloxylon salcornicum, tempts thousand of camels from all parts to the grazing grounds where it flourishes in Rajputana and the Punjab. The young branches are used as a famine food. They literally "pluck salt-wort by the bushes" as in Job's day. In the Bombay Presidency we know little of the Sal tree as affording a food in times of scarcity, but its fruits are collected from Assam to the Sutlej and down to Central India. Its brown seeds are extracted and boiled into porridge with a sweet leaf (bassia latifolia) to mask their astringent taste. In some districts it is ground and made into bread. It is easily got and therefore is one of the chief famine foods, although it contains tannin to an extent that is certainly poisonous if it be eaten in quantities. The jungle tribes make use of it in good or bad years. Boiling in wood ashes, as some prudent people do, reduces the quantity of tannin, and makes it more wholesome. The Edinburgh doctors do not find it easy to reconcile the large quantity of these foods required by a Bhil for his daily ration with their nourishing value as calculated by them. They carefully examined the European and American standards of diet and compared the physique of the Bhil with the western average labourer, knocking 20 per cent. off the ration for the European to balance the Bhil's small size and then a further 20 per cent. on the assumption that his work is lighter, and still they found that the amount of food he considered necessary was considerably above the average. The conclusions arrived at are that of all the seeds and roots, Samo, Batteriоo, the Doda flower, Kasaiya, Podru and Kodri are the best, giving more proteids and energy than the others. Ghitola, Anki Manki, and Zinjroo, though good, have toxic qualities that detract from their value, and Bid and Theck, being poor in proteids are not good as single foods. A daily ration of one pound and thirteen ounces of any of these foods should be enough for a light man in a warm climate doing light work, which he is sure to do in famine times.

JAIL ADMINISTRATION IN THE UNITED PROVINCES.

THE annual Report on the condition and management of the Jails in the United Provinces for the year 1903, which gives a clear and concise account of the results of the year, must be regarded as eminently satisfactory. To begin with the number of convicts admitted during the year fell largely, in itself a most satisfactory sign; the number of juveniles sentenced to imprisonment fell to an insignificant figure for such cases, while the number of habituals, although slightly higher than in 1902, still kept appreciably low. In every page of the report there are indications of the year having been a most successful one from an administrative point of view, and the Province must be a cause of envy in the matter of Jail Administration to other provinces less happily placed. Not one of the least important signs of the decrease in crime was the fewness of the cases of re-conviction of released prisoners. This speaks eloquently of the care with which the selection of prisoners for release on the occasion of his Majesty's Coronation was made. In spite of the fact that best behaved convict warders and prisoners were then released, discipline was well maintained, and there were only 6 escapes. In 1897, six months following the release of prisoners, there were 19 escapes. The death-rate, another satisfactory sign, was the lowest on record, although the death rate of the free population was appreciably above the average. The labour of the prisoners was profitably employed and in spite of the reduction in the jail population (which increases the incidence on the cost per head of the fixed charges, such as establishments), the net cost per head per prisoner was only slightly larger than in the preceding year. Another interesting feature was the behaviour of the prisoners, which, as a rule, was very good, there being a marked absence of serious offences. Major MacTaggart, the Inspector General of Prisons, offers some interesting remarks regarding the treatment of habituals. Commenting on the low percentage of admissions of such prisoners to jail, he remarks: "This fact is the more remarkable as in other countries, the increase in the number of the habitual prisoners has within recent years been marked. A reference to the Report of the Commissioners of English Prisons for the year 1902 shows that 51 per cent. of the male prisoners and 70 per cent. of the female prisoners, admitted to English jails, had been previously convicted, and of a total convict population of 2,879 no fewer than 1,424 had been previously sentenced to penal servitude or to three or more terms for serious crime, involving sentences of six months or over." A reference to the figures, quoted by Major MacTaggart, may be useful to those critics of our Indian jail system who so frequently tell us that imprisonment in our jails is not sufficiently deterrent and that humanitarian views prevent us from making our jails efficient places of punishment. Some men are born criminals; and no matter how severe imprisonment is made for them, they will, after release, return to crime and eventually to jail, and in every country there are probably a few wretched individuals who are happier in jail than out of it; but it is satisfactory to know that the number of such persons is probably fewer in this country than in others. If imprisonment in this country has to be made more deterrent than it is now without injury to the health and morals of the prisoners, it can be done by substituting short sentences of cellular confinement for the long sentences, now the rule. Prisoners grow callous under a long term of imprisonment, but a brief spell of solitary confinement has a most charming effect on even the hardest natures. At present Magistrates show a curious reluctance to use their powers to order solitary confinement in sentencing habituals and until they overcome their aversion to inflicting this mode of punishment, one of the best deterrents must practically remain in abeyance.

MUSCLE AND MENTALITY.

WITH so much talk of physical deterioration on the one hand and the cult of exercise and muscular development on the other, it is refreshing to come across an entirely sane statement as to the danger that lurks in the worship of brawn. To persons of sedentary habits and low physical development there is a fascination in the prospect of attaining muscular bulk by a course of "developers." Being weak they are worshippers of the "strong man," the embodiment of brute force, whose exaordinary physical characteristics they strive to develope in their own bodies. Fortunately the risks of disaster in most cases are obviated by the tiresome nature of the process. Everybody knows that any muscle may be increased in bulk and improved in condition by suitable exercise, but muscle which is produced by a few weeks' artificial exertion may cost too much. As a medical writer in a home contemporary observes, "Nature has given each of us a frame and a constitution which an ordinary healthy life develops to a certain extent. It is easy to increase suddenly the proportion of muscle in such a frame, but it is not easy, it is not possible, suddenly to increase the power of the heart and great vessels of coping with the extra work thus thrown upon them, nor above all, is it possible suddenly to bring about the corresponding development of the central nervous system on which the innervation of the tisses depends." It is in this last direction that the real danger of the excessive pursuit of muscle exists. Can we expect to make a sudden addition to our musculature, asks the writer quoted, while leaving the development of all the more intricate nerve structures to chance, without courting catastrophe in some degree? The modern neurotic, the person with a diseased will is often a person with well developed physique, and, asks our medical critic, may not the considerations stated have some bearing on the fact? At all events, he says, we are forced to conclude that the ordinary citizen cannot even approximate to the ideal of muscularity without making physiological sacrifices which may at least impair his utility. To all of which sensible people will willingly agree. Unfortunately, though we repeat the formula that the ideal to attain is the old one of a sound mind in a sound body, we favour the cultivation of excess both in mentality and muscle. Either we burden our minds with a mass of useless knowledge or we strive to fit our bodies to withstand strains they need never be called upon to withstand. It ought to be satisfactory enough to the individual to possess a personality equal to all ordinary demands, but in spite of the passing cult of muscle that must be the case. The abnormally strong man has never been of any value in the world. He has never done any good except to be exhibited as a freak; and the only "strong men" to be mentioned in history were conspicuous for their more than average weakness. Samson and Goliath were poor creatures after all.

AN EFFICIENT VOLUNTEER CORPS.

The Bombay Baroda and Central India Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps has earned a high reputation for general efficiency which very few Volunteer Corps in India can point to, and it is satisfactory to learn from the twenty-second annual report of the Corps that this reputation was maintained, during the year 1903-04. Every officer, non-commissioned officer and man of the Battalion was exercised in the annual course of musketry, and all of them attended the required number of drills to render them efficient for the year. A very notable feature is the high percentage of extra efficients which show an increase of 87 on the previous year. Drill and instruction were resumed, as usual, at the close of the monsoon and section commanders and men took a keen interest in this part of their training, many of them displaying both initiative and intelligence that were highly commendable. The Battalion was inspected by Major-General Collins at Santa Cruz on the 30th October when the inspecting officer pointed out the most conspicuous mistakes he saw committed on the field day and showed how they should be remedied. The ranges at Santa Cruz and Ahmedabad have been completed, but the work on the other ranges at Baroda and Rutlam has been delayed, owing to difficulty in acquiring the necessary land from the Native States. This difficulty is, however, now being got over and the ranges will, it is hoped, be completed at an early date. One regrettable feature was that target practice with the '450 axim Machine Gun could not be arranged for, owing to there being no ammunition for this class of gun available. As two teams have been trained in the drill and mechanism of the gun and two other teams are going through a course we hope that the necessary ammunition will be forthcoming this year.

THE historical summaries of Lord Curzon's administration which are being compiled in the various departments of the Government of India, will be finished this month.

IT is understood that the Seistan Boundary Commission will complete its work in the autumn and then return to Quetta.

MAJOR JOLY DE LOTBINIERE will probably visit Kashmir to advise the Durbar in connection with an electric power scheme in the State. His expert knowledge, acquired in Mysore, admirably qualifies him for the task.

IN Ceylon, says a Colombo paper, lawyers are already as thick as the celebrated autumnal leaves that strew the brooks in "Vallambrosa"; and their number is increasing out of all proportion to the growth of the population.

THE "Kathiawar Times" says that some 35 Christian converts from Jainism, of Valsan, in Gujarat, have expressed their willingness to re-embrace their old religion, and that they are to be re-admitted. One of these converts is represented to have been once a Muni Maharaj of the Jain community. A noteworthy point with respect to this man is that some time before he had published a book in denunciation of the Jain religion which created quite a sensation in the community.

THE Russians mistook Mr. Emerson, correspondent of the "New York World," for a spy, and shot him.

TELEGRAMS to the Australian papers, dated June 28th state that Japanese newspapers are urging Admiral Kamimura to resign or commit suicide in consequence of his failure to intercept the Vladivostok squadron.

CORRUPTION and scandals continue to agitate the Russian feeling. Red Cross Societies' boxes of supposed supplies have been found to be filled with bricks and stones. The latest pattern of artillery has been found to have been melted down and sold.

FEARS are entertained in Russia for General Stackel

VLADIVOSTOK FLEET.

ANOTHER BRIEF APPEARANCE.

JAPANESE NEAR MUKDEN.

ANOTHER PORT ARTHUR FORT TAKEN.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JULY 7.

Admiral Skrydloff reports that the Vladivostock squadron on the 3rd inst., encountered seven large Japanese warships in Broughton Bay and turned back, the Japanese pursuing and firing on them but without result.

Eleven torpedo boats attacked the Russians and two of them sank. The Japanese had disappeared in the morning.

The Russian ships were not damaged and had no casualties.

LONDON, JULY 8.

The full text of Admiral Skrydloff's despatch says that it is believed two Japanese torpedo boats were sunk; also that it was the 1st and not the 3rd instant when he encountered the Japanese fleet.

General Sakharoff reports that the Japanese advance guards have reached points 37 miles south-east of Mukden.

The Russian Volunteer steamer Petersburg has entered the Suez Canal, laden with coals for Vladivostock.

Reuter (Tientsin) says that H. M. S. Espiegle has left Niuchwang and is returning to Chinwangtao, the Russians objecting to her remaining.

Reuter (Chifu) states that Chinese refugees report that the Japanese on the 5th instant reached the North-East slope of the Takushan Mountain, the summit of which is less than three miles from Port Arthur.

The Russian fort No. 16, on the main line of defence was taken on the 6th instant.

THE SINKING OF THE KAIMON.

JAPANESE OFFICIAL REPORT.

The following telegram was received yesterday morning by the Japanese Consul, Bombay, from his Government :—

Admiral Togo reports : The Kaimon, while on a special mission on the 5th instant, outside Talienwan, in a thick fog hit a Russian mine and sank. Three officers, including Commander Takahashi, and 19 non-commissioned officers and men are missing. The rest were saved.

RUSSIAN REINFORCEMENTS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, July 8.

A special cable from the "Pioneer's" correspondent, dated London, the 7th July, says that General Khilkoff states that General Kuropatkin is receiving daily re-inforcement of 4,500 men.

Telegrams received from Colombo yesterday state :—Hongkong wires that a mine was observed drifting towards the Teki Channel.

Seventeen hundred refugees have arrived at Chefoo from Port Arthur. The Russians are facilitating their departure by paying their junk hire.

The Russians are warning the Chinese of the likelihood of meeting with ill-treatment at the Japanese hands in the event of the fall of Port Arthur.

It is reported that the Russians are preparing to destroy all the public buildings in the event of the capture of Port Arthur.

A letter received from a resident states that the prices of food are rising daily, but only the Chinese are suffering. The civilians are sleeping in shell-proof cavities in the hills.

The Red Cross Society are feeding and finding sleeping accommodation for the destitute.

A cloud-burst at Shuntifu, destroyed the railway bridge there, killing fifteen.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY]

THE BEHRING FISHERIES.

Great Britain's Protection.

LONDON, JULY 7.

Mr. Balfour, in the House of Commons, said that Great Britain was protecting the Behring sea fisheries at the request of Russia and Japan, and no international questions could possibly arise. Great Britain would not exercise jurisdiction over Japanese vessels and Japan had promised to deal with any raid herself.

THE ALIENS BILL.

The Measure Dropped.

The Aliens Bill has been definitely dropped.

HENLY REGATTA.

Race For The Diamond Sculls.

A CANADIAN'S VICTORY.

Mr. Scholes, the Canadian, has won the Diamond Sculls at the Henley Regatta in record time.

THE SOMALI MULLAH.

Renewed Activity,

The "Daily Mail" in a telegram from Aden says that the Mullah's forces have killed fifty Somali levies and Friendlies at Eldab, and looted their sheep and camels.

The Pioneers pursued and shot twenty of the marauders.

AMERICA'S DIPLOMACY,

To Protect Interests In The Pacific.

SPEECH BY MR. HAY.

Mr. Secretary Hay in a speech on the occasion of the celebration of the fiftieth anniversary of the birth of the Republican Party, said that the diplomacy of President McKinley and President Roosevelt had been directed principally to American interests in the Pacific and they constantly kept in view the vast importance of that opening field of activities.

THE PRE-EMPTION BILL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 8.

A Committee comprising of the Hon. Mr. Anderson, Commissioner of Lahore, Mr. Fenton, Deputy Commissioner Jullundur, Major Beadon, Divisional Judge, Hoshiapor, Diwan Narindra Nath, Deputy Commissioner Gujrat and Mr. Robinson, Legal Remembrancer, Punjab, assembles at Simla this month to revise the Pre-emption Bill. Mr. E. D. MacLagan, C. S., will act as Secretary.

THE AGRICULTURAL OUTLOOK.

The season and crop reports for the past week, published to-day, show that agricultural conditions continue favourable upon the whole. The rainfall has been general except in the Punjab and the North-West Frontier provinces which have as yet received only showers. Locusts have done some slight damage to the cotton crop in parts of Delhi and are prevalent over a wide area in the Central and United Provinces.

THE COLABA OBSERVATORY.

Mr. N. Mora is confirmed as Director of the Colaba Observatory, Bombay.

DEHRA DUN FOREST SCHOOL.

Mr. Hobart Hampden, Director, Imperial Forest School, Dehra Dun, has three months leave, Mr. H. Jackson officiating, and Mr. R. McIntosh acting for Mr. Jackson.

PUNJAB CHIEF COURT APPOINTMENTS.

The Hon. Mr. Justice Robertson is confirmed in the Punjab Chief Court vice the late Mr. Anderson, the Hon. Mr. Justice Rattigan officiating as a Judge and the Hon. Mr. Justice Rennie as temporary additional Judge vice Mr. Reid on furlough.

"GAZETTE OF INDIA" NOTIFICATIONS.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

Lieutenant-Colonel Grant, Chemical Examiner Calcutta, has six months leave. Captain J.A. Black I.M.S., is appointed to officiate.

The Rev. J. G. Philip, Junior Chaplain, Church of Scotland, Poona, is transferred to the Madras Presidency.

Baboos Durga Das and Kamala Sen are appointed notaries public at Chittagong.

Mr. Basler resigns the post of notary public at Dehra Dun.

Lieut Armstrong, 95th Russell's infantry is posted for employment in the Burma Military Police.

Revd. W. A. Lowsley, Rangoon Ecclesiastical establishment is transferred to the Madras establishment.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

The appointment is recognised of Mr. O. M. Eakins as the United States' Deputy Consul-General for Calcutta.

Lieut. H. R. A. Hunt, Indian Army, is posted for employment in the N. W. Frontier Militia.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. G.D. Pudumjee is posted as Deputy Accountant General, Bombay ; Mr. K. Wagle as Assistant Accountant General, Bombay, and Mr. M.J.Cogswell as Controller of Printing and Stationery.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Lieuts. Murray, 7th Coorg Rifles, MacMahan, 27th Punjabis, and Ross, 6th Jats, are gazetted to the Supply and Transport Corps.

Conductor Locke, Madras Barrack Sergt. to be Honorary Lieut.

Bengal Asstt. Surgeon Clerke is promoted to senior rank.

Capt. Hammond to be Surgeon, Rangoon Naval Volunteers.

Lieut. Stephenson to be Captain of the Madras Volunteer Guards.

Major Spences resigns his commission in the second Bombay Baroda Railway Volunteers.

Volunteer Officers' Decoration is gazetted to Capt. Bell and Quarter-master Mabet, Bombay Baroda Railway Volunteers ; also to second Lieut. Wilson Rangoon Volunteers.

Hon. Lieuts Franklin and Snee to be Asst. Engineers, Military Works Services.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Sub-Lieut Whish to be Lieut.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

SIMLA JULY 8.

Col. Semple, I.M.S., relieves Capt. Harvey in the Pasteur Institute, the latter officer proceeding on short leave prior to reverting to the post of Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, Punjab.

Lieut. Todd, 27th Cavalry, is transferred to the 39th Central India Horse. The following officers who have qualified for admission to the Indian army are posted as stated :—Lieut. Baldwin, the Buffs, to the Bombay Command, 2nd Lieut. Scrafton, East Lancashire Regiment, to the Madras Command, Lieut. Bate, 1st Wiltshires, to the Punjab Command.

Captain Hutchins, 1st Brahmans, has been selected for the appointment of Commandant of Police, Port Blair.

The Secretary of State has sanctioned the proposal that in lieu of the condition which now requires a Lieutenant-General to vacate his appointment on 1st April next following his promotion to General, the tenure of Lieutenant-Generals should be fixed at three years, extensible to five years, irrespective of the fact that during his tenure he may have been promoted to General.

The re-introduction of army signalling into all batteries of horse, field, heavy and native mountain artillery has been sanctioned.

THE FIGHTING AT GYANTSE.

MONASTERY AND TOWN EVACUATED.

PURSUIT OF THE ENEMY.

GENERAL MACDONALD'S DESPATCH.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 8.

The following despatch has been received from General Macdonald dated the 7th instant :—

Reports were received that the enemy retreated during the night towards Shigatse, Yangla and Karola. Mounted infantry were sent out in all three directions. On the Shigatse road they overtook the rear-guard of 400 Tibetans, followed them for two miles beyond Jongosi and inflicted some loss. The other two parties did not get in touch with the enemy, but learned they had retreated hastily towards the passes.

The monastery and balance of the town were occupied this morning without resistance and the demolition of the Jong was commenced.

The enemy's loss was severer than anticipated. From further information obtained to-day from the prisoners and Lamas, the total numbers of the enemy opposed to us yesterday are estimated at 6,000.

I am moving to Jongosi to-morrow with flying column, partly to disperse the enemy reported to be in the neighbourhood, but mainly to get fodder and supplies.

CALCUTTA, JULY 8.

The "Englishman's" special correspondent at Gyantse telegraphing yesterday evening says :—

It was discovered this morning that the monastery and practically all the town had been deserted, except for a few old women and children.

The Sappers were engaged all day in destroying the fortifications of the Jong.

A visit to the Jong shows that it was even stronger than we suspected. Head cover was provided all up the main road, which were further covered by sangars. On the right and left were emplacements, made chiefly of bales of wool, in which lead cannon stood.

Altogether it was perfectly marvellous that the position should have been taken with only thirty-three casualties.

Quantities of gunpowder and Lhassa-made cartridges were found in various parts of the fort, showing that the explosion of the magazine did not exhaust the Tibetans' ammunition.

The Tongsa Penlop visited Colonel Younghusband to-day and congratulated him on the success of the British arms.

The exact whereabouts of the Tibetan peace delegates is not known, but the Penlop has sent men in search, who will inform them that Colonel Younghusband is still willing to treat provided that they come in within a reasonable period.

Looting has been strictly forbidden. We are looking after the Tibetan wounded.

Another correspondent telegraphing on the 7th states :—The Jong is now being blown up by the Sappers.

Palkhor Monastery was found to be deserted this morning.

The enemy's losses in the yesterday's engagement were by no means light, and the backbone of their resistance is considered to be broken. Large numbers escaped by the covered way from the Jong to the monastery, and so gained the Shigatse road. There was no pursuit.

The temples in Palkhor are being left intact by the General's orders.

The added casualty list includes Lieutenant Bowden-Smith, of the Fusiliers, bullet wound in the shoulder, also Lieutenant Grant, who was shot through the leg when leading the stormers, but went on with great gallantry. Several other officers were slightly wounded but none seriously.

The General has made special mention of the conduct of the Gurkhas in orders, and the commendation was never better earned.

The Mounted Infantry made reconnaissances on the Lhassa and Shigatse roads, but there was no sign of the enemy, whose demoralisation is complete.

THE CASUALTIES.

SIMLA, JULY 8.

The following is the full list of the casualties at the assault on Gyantse Jong on the 6th instant :—

BRITISH OFFICERS.

KILLED.

Lieutenant G. P. Gurdon, 32nd Pioneers.

WOUNDED.

Lieutenant W. A. C. Bowden-Smith, Royal Fusiliers.

Lieutenant R. Nicolas, 23rd Pioneers.

Lieutenant C. R. Hunt, 23rd Pioneers.

Lieutenant-Colonel F. Campbell, 40th Pathans.

Captain G. A. Preston, 40th Pathans.

Captain L. H. Baldwin, 8th Gurkhas.

Lieutenant G. D. Grant, 8th Gurkhas.

All slightly, except Lieutenant Bowden-Smith who is severely wounded.

All are doing well.

BRITISH TROOPS.

WOUNDED.

Royal Fusiliers No. 7010 Lance-Corporal Harper, slightly.

No. 7156 Private Hannington, severely.

No. 7931 Lance-Corporal Prentice, slightly.

NATIVE TROOPS.

KILLED.

8th Gurkhas :—

No. 2057, Lance Naik Barma Bratsake.

No. 2757 Rifleman Tuti Thapa.

No. 2766 Rifleman Tabusare Gurung.

WOUNDED.

No. 7 Mountain Battery :—

No. 452 Driver Fiz Ali, severely.

30th Mountain Battery :—

No. 480 Gunner Warjan Singh, severely.

32nd Pioneers :—

No. 2984 Lance Naik Ram Singh, dangerously, (since dead.)

No. 3549 Sepoy Sunder Singh, slightly.

8th Gurkhas :—Subadar Nawab Singh Rana, severely.

No. 1950 Naik Rukoo Thapa, slighty.

No. 2578 Rifleman, Lank Bahadur Ali, dangerously.

No. 2438 Rifleman Dhanraj Gurang, severely.

No. 2518 Rifleman Bahadur Singh Ali, slightly.

No. 279 Rifleman Bahadur Ali, slightly.

No. 2640 Rifleman, Pasingh Gurung, slightly.

No. 2569 Rifleman, Lilbahadur Mal, slightly.

No. 1331 Havildar Sham-her Gurung, slightly.

No. 2400 Rifleman, Naniram Pur, slightly.

No. 2082 Rifleman, Birbul urung, slightly.

No. 1613 Rifleman, Birta Singh Gurung, severely.

No. 2742 Rifleman, Kulman Gurung, slightly.

No. 1746 Navik Sangbar Rama, severely.

No. 2533 Rifleman, Mana Garde, slightly.

No. 2249 Rifleman, Rama Gurung, slightly.

No. 9th Gurkhas No. 1519, Rifleman Sanma Thapa, dangerously.

STRIKE OF DOCK COOLIES AT MADRAS.

MADRAS, JULY 8.

The Chairman of the Madras Harbour Trust has issued a notice calling the attention of mercantile firms to the fact that a large gang of between 100 and 200 coolies have absented themselves from the Trust premises for the past four days. This gang was employed in landing operations on the Beach and in the Customs godowns. The men have struck for higher rate pay. It rests with the merchants of Madras, the Chairman says, whether the harbour dues shall be raised permanently to enable the Trust to pay the strikers the wages they demand. It is felt that, if the demands of this section of labourers are complied with, all the others will similarly try to get their rates raised. To enable the Harbour Trust to fight the present strike, merchants are assisting by sending them to deal with their own consignments.

LORD KITCHENER AND EURASIANS.

A QUESTION OF ALLOWANCES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 8.

The Eurasian Associations of India recently addressed Lord Kitchener on the distinction which is drawn in the regulations between women of British birth and those of mixed parentage in the matter of family allowances. European women draw Rs. 8 per mensem and those of mixed parentage Rs. 6-8 per mensem. In all other respects both classes of women are treated alike. The Associations felt that circumstances had so changed since this distinction was first made over 63 years ago that the necessity for it no longer existed. The Commander-in-Chief, however, sees no necessity for addressing the Government of India on the subject.

TRADE WITH PERSIA.

THE PROPOSED COMMERCIAL MISSION.

Mr. Greensell, who has been acting as traffic canvasser in connection with the Nushki-Seistan route is expected in Calcutta on the 6th September, when the Bengal Chamber of Commerce will obtain his views on the proposed commercial mission to Persia.

DEATH OF THE REV. C. LOBERT.

The death occurred on Wednesday at Archbishop's House, Calcutta, of the Rev. C. Lobert, S.J., Military Chaplain, Dum-Dum. The deceased, who was aged 65, had been many years in India.

CYCLONIC STORM IN CALCUTTA.

BUILDINGS COLLAPSE BURRYING SEVERAL.

A fringe of a cyclonic storm passed over Calcutta last night, giving six inches of rain and doing some damage to house property. A two-storeyed house in Harrison Road collapsed, injuring several and burrying two men who were subsequently extricated alive. Another building collapsed in St. James Square blocking the thoroughfare, but the building being unoccupied no one was injured. In another part of the town a coach-house collapsed burrying two men who were rescued almost uninjured. Several other accidents of a like nature are reported from various parts of the town and the suburbs, but no loss life is recorded.

CHARGES OF CHEATING MOFUSSIL MERCHANTS.

At the Police Court to-day one Balthazar who carried on business here under the name of Clayton and Co., was charged at the instance of Mr. Macdonald of Telicherry with cheating in respect of fifty bags of pepper valued at Rs. 900 under circumstances previously telegraphed.

Twelve other cases of cheating had been preferred against the accused including one by Messrs. Shapoje and Co. of Alighur in respect of a consignment of butter valued at Rs. 600. This firm obtained a warrant against Balthazar some time ago, but it was returned unexecuted.

A CASE OF PERIPATETIC SWINDLING.

Wilson alias Birt alias Hon. Hamilton Stuart was placed before the Chief Presidency Magistrate to-day and charged with having perpetrated a series swindles in various parts of India. The accused was identified by the Tanjore police officer and was ordered to be sent to that town for trial in the first instance.

SERIOUS ACCIDENT TO A MAIL TRAIN.

News has reached Calcutta to-day of a serious Railway accident on the Bengal Nagpur Railway to the mail train which left Howrah for Madras on Thursday night. The accident occurred between Gopalnagar and Contai and it is feared that some loss of life was incurred and that many passengers have been more or less severely injured. Particulars are awaited.

THE GAEKHWAR IN POONA.

SPEECH ON FEMALE EDUCATION.

POONA, JULY 8.

H. H. the Gaekhwar of Baroda paid a visit to the Native Girls' Female Training College to-day, spending nearly two hours in going round the various classes and listening to the teaching and himself asking questions. After visiting the singing class of the Gayan Samaj attached to College, His Highness spoke a few words. He said he was greatly pleased with the work of the School and if he had time he would have felt it a great pleasure in questioning each pupil individually. He congratulated the Lady Superintendent on her able management and thorough superintendence, and the girls on the education they were receiving. He exhorted them to make special efforts to show the world the necessity and advantage of female education by improving the condition of those around them. After leaving the School they would occupy various spheres of life and it would be their duty to impart to others the benefits of education they are now receiving and by their pure and holy lives to convince those who were opposed to the education of women that their prejudices were groundless.

Doctor Bhandarkar, President of the Council of the Mahratta Female Education Society, thanked his Highness for the kind and sympathetic visit After the usual garlanding his Highness left the School.

THE BREACH ON THE W. I. P. RAILWAY.

The break on the West of India Portugese Railway still continues and transhipment of passengers is still being carried on with difficulty. As the distance is said to be considerable, the transhipment of luggage etc. is made by means of lorries. No passengers are booked for stations on the West of India Portugese Railway by those trains which would reach the scene of break at night.

NATIONAL INDIAN ASSOCIATION.

POONA BRANCH MEETING.

A meeting of the managing committee of the Poona Branch of the National Indian Association was held at Government House Ganeshkhind recently, Lady Lamington presiding. After the usual business, it was resolved to give an At Home on the 23rd instant at the Western India Club. A ball will be held on September 14th.

PASSENGERS BY THE HOMEWARD MAIL.

THE following passengers proceed to-day, by the P. and O. Co.'s steamer Oriental, for Marseilles and London :—

Mrs O T Barrow 2 Messrs Izat
Mr E A Kenyen
Mr R D Hart
Major-Genl F W Kitchener
Mr H E H Coxe
Major L Forde
Mr W S Goorlay
Mrs Ward
Mr J R Needham
Mr and Mrs C E Wild
Mr C R Macnamara
E V Fowle
Mr K A Bhojwani
Col and Mrs G Williams
Major H B Stanford
Mr J Van Someran Pope
Mr F G Hawkins
Mr C Morrison
Mr A D Smithe
Mr K A Lawton
Mr and Mrs E W Dixon
Mr Roberts
Mr D Boddie
Mr Caldwell
Mr P W Mackinnon
Major A F Powell
Major and Mrs T Bolton and Infant
Genl and Mrs A W L Bayley
Capt G Hale Draw
Major G S Smith
Major F H Mansell
Major and Mrs G Parsons
Mr M Arbuthnot
Mr and Mrs C Leach
Mr J D Ogg
Major J C Pereira
Miss Pereira
Mr W Franks
Col M F Curry
Major and Mrs W W Chitty
Mr Y A Bidwell
Mr A M Rozas
Lieut-Col and Mrs A U Daniell
Mr and Mrs C E Bolton and Infant
Mr J F Woodham
Mr Charles
Mr Abercrombie
Col R Hancock
Capt A Smit
Mr G A Gibson
Mr L J Reid
Mr and Mrs W R Bain
Lieut P H N
Mr and Mrs I C D Durell
Revd J R Fraser
Mr Pen ell
Mr J Smith
Capt Davieg
Capt Scrafton
Lt Col G E Hydeeates
Miss Hydeeates
Capt F G Fanes-Haykurd
Maj L L Maxwell
Hospit As-tt S G Dater
Sir G W Robinson
Mr H Frederickson
Mr A Penfold
Miss Buckinfield
Mr and Mrs Hay
Maj W L Maxwell
Capt E H C Burne
Mr R B S Dunlop
Capt Hen W A Nugent
Mr Lesmor
Mr S Kiddle
Mr W F Wood Ellis
Capt S T Bayley
Maj Masterson
Mrs Lazell and Infa
Capt W F Harvey
Mr J Hirae Bruce

WOMEN'S INTERESTS.

Picturesque Evening Gowns.

ASCOT MODES AND MILLINERY.

THE WOMEN'S CONGRESS.

LONDON, JUNE 17.

FORTUNATELY for all concerned, there seems already to be a certain amount of reaction in the air in favour of simpler modes, even in the matter of evening gowns. The gathered and pleated skirts of exaggerated fulness, over-weighted with frills and furbelows, taken in conjunction with the intricate and elaborately trimmed sleeves, each one almost as large as a little child's skirt, are clumsy in effect and universally unbecoming. It is good news, therefore, to hear from the best authorities in Paris and in Vienna, as well as at home, that evening frocks, with graceful, flowing lines, infinitely simpler in design than those which have been seen so far this season, will be worn in the immediate future by those who pride themselves upon their good taste and the exclusiveness of their frocks. The skirts of soft satin, of crepe de chine, and of chiffon will be pleated, of course, since plain skirts have been definitely relegated to the regions of the tailor-made ; but the pleats will be small and flat, arranged to run downwards quite unobtrusively from waist to hem, and invariably stopping short at the sides, so that the front of the skirt has a panel-like effect, quite in keeping with the Louis XVI. spirit of the hour. Sometimes the centre panel will be of embroidered lisse or chiffon, or of real lace draped over silver tissue, but more often it will be carried out in the same material as the gown itself, with true-lovers' knots in velvet ribbon, ending in silver tassels, placed down the centre. These centre panels will also be finished with what is known technically as a ladder of bows, in velvet or in soft satin, arranged in graduated sizes and growing larger as they near the hem. The bodices of these picture gowns will come to a very long point in front, while soft fichu folds will drape the shoulders, frequently forming a little hood or capuchon at the back.

Among many other smart hats designed for Ascot three graceful and novel chapeaux, a description of three will be of interest. The plumage of the bird of paradise is just the one most highly favoured of all adornments, in the world of millinery, among the fair Parisiennes, at the present moment, and in the first hat of the three to be described, a bird of paradise is with his sweeping plumage dyed in a vivid shade of rose color perched far forward on a most original hat of pale hydrangea-pink chip. The whole of the centre of the plateau crown is covered with close pleatings of écru lace forming a number of little ruches ; and at the back of the hat, there are three quaint little bows of soft satin ribbon shot with several shades of pink both pale and deep. Quite original also in colour and design is a hat the wide brim of which is of mauve chip, while the crown is of soft Tuscan straw in a pale shade of tan colour folded to follow the form of the head in a most curious way. One very long white tulle steamer comes from the centre of the back, while the trimming is completed by bows and draperies of cream corded silk ribbon and two very full ospreys, standing upright, one mauve and one white. The third hat is of fine white chip made with one of the new high crowns and a particularly pretty brim with a crown of fancy crinoline adorned with transparent applique motifs of ivory-white lace. Three giant roses in white and pale pink are placed in front of the hat slightly on one side, while light draperies of tulle, white over pink are arranged round the crown.

As to the Paquin gowns for Ascot and the many smart functions which will come trailing on each other's heels between now and the end of the season, they are being made chiefly in taffetas, but in taffetas of the softest and most supple kind ; in chiffon and in crepe de chine ; and also in a very dainty Pompadour muslin, just lightly patterned with flowers in the most delicate shades imaginable. Brown frocks seem likely to enjoy a great vogue, and there are many pretty gowns in brown crepe de chine and brown chiffon. Embroidered linen gowns in pale colourings are being prepared for morning wear in town and for Henley later on, while the evening dresses include many very beautiful toilettes in soft Oriental satin, with exquisitely fine embroideries, and others in embroidered net and lace, the skirts hemmed with a band of mirror velvet in some soft pastel shade.

This is essentially a season of odd coats, a fashion which gives opportunity for charming colour contrasts between gowns and coats. The happy selection of tints that harmonise without blending will be the keynote of smartness in dress. With coats of light green and the new brilliant red, the gown must be of a neutral tint, such as beige, cream colour, or soft grey. Coats must always be chosen to create the note of colour in a costume, or else to softly retire in colour effect from that of the gown. Neutral tints in summer dresses are quite the rule, thus giving opportunity for the display of charming coats and wraps, from scarlet to pale blue and mauve. As for materials, while some coats are of the material which forms the dress, most of them are built of taffeta, lace, crepe, merino, cloth, and pique, combined with lace embroideries of all kinds and beadwork. Linen, crash, or cotton net coats are lined with figured organdies while all-over-lace coats have softly tinted silk linings. Drap parchemin, a parchment-hued cloth of satin fineness, is also much used for summer wraps and coats. More exclusive are the black taffeta coats made with the short basques, and usually belted in or girdled at the waist. Some of the models of this type made by prominent modistes have their basques very shot, and so full that they ripple all round standing out jauntily over the hips. Then, again, the basques are pointed in front and sloped up on the hips to one shallowness, and fall in square postillion fashion in the back, the postillion back being plaited. These coats are not always belted, but fit into the waist-line, and slope away in front over a gay little waistcoat ; but the belted coats, bloused all round, or with the belt running under loose hanging fronts, are more frequently seen.

The genuine Directoire coat, cut away in front, falling in long skirts, ornamented by leg revers, made with plain sleeves and turned-back cuffs, has considerable popularity. Lace sleeve frills and jabot ordinarily accompany a coat of the kind, and a waistcoat is almost indispensable. The waistcoat is not reserved to the Directoire models. Fancy waistcoasts appear upon almost all of the boleros, and the waistcoat, severely tailored, of white pique, is quite a Parisian fad of the moment. It may be joined to the coat or worn separately, but should be easily detachable, so that it may be taken out and cleaned, for it must always be immaculate. The evening coats seem to grow more and more filmy and perishable as the season advances. Taffeta, mousseline, satin, all of the fashionable silks, plain or flowered, are used for them ; but lace, mousseline, and chiffon cloth are preferred. Of exceptional beauty are the lace coats. Sometimes they are made of black Chantilly over changeable taffeta, and then again of the heavier laces, like Irish crochet, Renaissance and Pluen. When made of these coarser laces, they are nearly always white. A white Irish crochet coat is exceedingly smart in style made with a deep collar of white linen, trimmed with medallions of the lace, and having the lace sleeve made with turn back cuffs of the linen and also finished with fluffy lace trimmed under-sleeves. A coat of this style should be worn with a linen skirt trimmed with lace insets. It would also look well with a skirt of white mohair, with the soft silky finish. But then, the cuffs and collar of the coat should have white silk substituted for the linen.

There are no materials which are considered beautiful and appropriate for dress wear—except velvet—that are not used this season for petticoats. Silks, satins, brocades, Indian linens, silk muslins, batiste, lawns, and laces, heavy and fine, from Cluny to Valenciennes, from Milan to thread, all are pressed into the service of the extravagant new petticoats. Although skirts are growing fuller, with a whispered threat of crinoline, the petticoat is as yet cut to fit, with gores and yokes and a general tailor-made effect above the knees. And some of them are so tight up from the knees that in order to get a sufficient billowing about the feet the flounces are made separately and buttoned or hooked on. There are other reasons too, for these separate flounces ; one is the device of the economical girl who has only a little money and must have many pretty petticoats. To meet this emergency there is a short tailor-made foundation of silk moreen, fitting perfectly and sure to last the season ; to this is buttoned or hooked silk flounces to match the gowns that will be worn. This not only saves money in buying silk petticoats, but also in having them cleaned. It costs half the price to send a flounce to the cleaners. And in washing petticoats the idea of economy intrudes again. A stout muslin foundation carries two or three sorts of petticoat flounces a day, linen for golf, pongee for the silk blouse suit, and lawn and lace for the evening dancing frock.

The flounces are circular for wool gowns, and gathered or plaited for thin dresses. All the transparent gowns this year call for chiffon or silk muslin or lawn lining, so that this method of joining flounce to body of skirt cannot be seen. With the return of the washing dress there is naturally a widespread demand for lingerie petticoats, both plain and fancy. Some of the newest are made entirely of alternate bands of lace and batiste covered with French knots and feather-stitching, with wide ribbon run beading where the circular flounce joins the skirt body. Others of silk mull, have flounces with groups of smocking and elaborate conventional designs in lace insertion and medallions. All the lace is inset with hemstitching or the feather-stitching, and French knotted, or actually caught in with dot embroidery. One beautiful lingerie skirt of white pongee has a deep flounce elaborately smocked and trimmed with garlands of roses of fine Irish embroidery festooned over the smocking. Fine lawn skirts are trimmed with coarse cotton Cluny squares let in the flounce, and insertion between the gores and at the head of the flounce. A very wide beading comes this season both in lace and embroidery, through which wide washing ribbon is run, ending in a showy bow, with long, knotted ends at the left knee.

A correspondent writes from Berlin :—It is brilliant summer weather ; the portal and vestibule of the Philharmonic Hall is transformed by tasteful decoration with flowers and birch branches into a veritable arbour ; in the imposing inner hall may be seen an array of thousands of women, row upon row of heads, a women's levee en masse. Men are as rare as black diamonds ; those few who appear however get a good foretaste of how good it will be under women's rule ; for they are treated with the most thoughtful consideration, indeed better than if they were taking part in the Congress themselves. Only when one of the lady speakers breaks out in a lively manner against the tyranny of man does it become somewhat warm for the representatives of the mere weaker sex under the cross-fire of inquisitive, reproachful and derisive glances to which they feel themselves subjected. In addition to German a multitude of languages may be heard, English preponderating. The Anglo-American colony of Berlin have sent a very considerable contingent. Among those present are many merely curious ones, but many also who bring a really earnest interest to bear upon the matter, and many again who are very enthusiastic. So far as regards the toilettes it is very noticeable that the Reform dress is making much headway especially among the Germans. Some such dress is are almost inconceivably ugly, but others on the contrary, display much elegance and taste and are much admired. For although the Women's Movement is so serious—the ladies cannot forbear even here exhibiting tasteful toilettes. Further also the ladies cannot well forbear now and again making little conversation circles during the speeches. The strict discipline maintained by men in such assemblies do not suit the women and at intervals the Presidents must wake a little war with various weapons against the free and easy behaviour of many of the delegates. This one begs, that one threatens, but a third tries the effect of humour. "We German ladies will show that we known when to speak, and when to be silent." And humour is in this case as always the most effective weapon.

In general the speakers show that they are accustomed to make speeches. Could the Women's problems be settled by much speaking then they are well on the road to settlement. It is characteristic that the applause is always strongest, the stronger is the denunciation of man's rule. As far as the contents of the speeches go it is impossible to deny that they are throughout characterised by triviality. We find no breadth of view, no new ideas, and scarcely any new original way of expression. The position of women and her legal rights are eternally discussed ; her deep signification in social life and her immeasurable quiet power no one thinks of dwelling on. For the rest the whole assembly is of value only for helpful suggestions, exchange of ideas, and for making mutual acquaintances. No, motions nor resolutions are put to the meeting. But one feels that a spirit of international comradeship pervades these crowds of women, which is stronger than all differences of race, nationality, or politics.

It is very interesting to observe the long rows of faces each stamped with its own feminine characteristics. The Germans as hostesses, provide the President in the person of Fraulein Helene Lange, Berlin, who is one of the most gifted women in the movement and the perfect feminine type of the public school master. Frau Stritt of Dresden is a lady of very decided views, with a high pitched voice, and incisive delivery, whereas on the contrary Frau von Forester of Nuremberg represents the amiable type of humorous and lively South German women. Frau Weber of Heidelberg, who read a paper on the legal position of married women, is a very winning personality, but she betrayed that naive and strong tendency to teach that is characteristic of the neophyte in knowledge. This indeed is a tendency to be found in many of the speakers. They all begin "de novo" and consequently never find time to reach any essential points apropos of the subject under discussion. A really useful matter of fact report rich in statistical material was read by the representative of the United States, Mrs. Wood Swift of San Francisco. Mrs. Willoughby Cummings of Toronto who represented the Canadian women showed with her clear, resounding voice and her spirited and enthusiastic lecture on the work done by the Canadian National Council of women how to arouse general interest, and her hearty invitation to the Congress that its next meeting five years hence should be held in Canada was answered by a storm of applause. Two natures in striking contrast are those of Fraulein Pappritz, Berlin, and Lady Aberdeen, the President of the English Women's Council : the one very plainly dressed, the other in the height of fashion ; this one sharp and precise in her views, the other conciliatory and of a persuasive mildness ; the former again a representative of the type of woman who feels herself injured by the injustice of man and the consequent inferiority of her sex and who readily inclines to very radical views taking quite a hostile standpoint, whilst the Englishwoman on the contrary with a nature almost enthusiastically poetic preaches love and conciliation sometimes however falling too much into the tone of the academic preacher. Among all these types one stands out in bold relief claiming everybody's attention ; it is the figure of a tall woman with an olive coloured complexion, a white dress and wearing a brigat red rose in her dark hair. She is Mrs. Church Terrell, the representative of the coloured women of North America, who describes the position and the progress of her race, speaking in foreign-sounding but still distinct and correct German. With her natural liveliness, her quaint pathetic gestures, her sparkling wit, and childish simplicity she wins all sympathies at once for herself and the women whose cause she advocates.

TROUBLE IN THE DALLAS COMPANY.

A CHARGE OF ASSAULT.

On Friday, July 1st, several members of the Dallas Company spent the greater part of the day in the Police Court, Colombo, two of the chief actors in the drama being Mr. Frank D. Pengelly and Mr. Duncan Munro, the former in the capacity of complainant and the latter as the accused in the matter of the assault at the Public Hall some nights previously. The case was originally fixed for 12 o'clock, but Mr. MacLeod, the Magistrate, having his hands full of Police cases, intimated, after a wait of about an hour that he would take up the case at 2.30 P. M. The parties and their friends (Messrs. Percival Kulgat, Albert Rees, and W. H. Williams) accordingly left the Court, and returned after luncheon by the hour named.

THE PROCEEDINGS

At twenty-five minutes to three, the case was called. Mr. Munro got into the cage, (or "pulpit") and the Mudaliyar read out the charges against him to which

Mr. Munro replied : I plead guilty under extreme provocation.

Replying to a question by the Magistrate as to what the provocation was he said : The provocation was very indecent language on the two occasions on which I attempted to strike Mr. Pengelly.

The Magistrate (smiling): Indecent language on the two occasions on which you "attempted to strike him ?

Mr. Munro : No, indecent language, which occasioned me to strike him. The first occasion was when he asked me what right I had to be in front of the theatre. I replied "As I am a partner"—in the present Company now playing in the Public Hall called the "Henry Dallas Theatrical Company," which deed of partnership is now in the hands of the solicitors, the firm of Julius and Cressy. I said I had every right as a partner. I was a partner. Mr. Pengelly then turned round and said—I cannot use the word here, Sir, but he said "You are a ..." and finished up with the word liar—so and so liar," a very indecent expression. I admit then I attempted to strike him. A few minutes after in the presence of witnesses he called me by a name which is never used in decent company—it was a reputation. That was the second occasion on which I attempted to strike him. In neither case did I strike him at all. I may mention that Mr. Knight, one of our partners whose signature is on our deed of partnership, along with Mr. Vallance and myself, is here now and will testify whether I am a partner or not.

The Magistrate : I don't care tuppence whether you are a partner or not. This is not a civil action. It is a case of assault.

Mr. Munro : I only mention that to show that I had every right to be where I was.

The Magistrate : That dispute can be settled in a civil court. I convict you on the charge of assault, but I fine you five rupees. I hope it will not be necessary to bind either you or the complainant over to keep the peace.

Mr. Pengelly was understood to ask the Magistrate to bind Mr. Munro as he himself had done nothing.

The Magistrate : I'll bind both of you.

Mr. Pengelly remarked that it was Mr. Munro who had tried to strike him.

The Magistrate (to Mr. Munro) : If there's any more ate-up on your part, it will be a more serious matter. I understand you are leaving the Island very soon ?

Mr. Munro : Yes, on Sunday.

Mr. Pengelly informed the Court that his foot was still bad as the result of the accident that followed on the assault, and he had a civil case against Mr. Munro for damages.

The Magistrate : You had better consult your proctor about that if you wish to press your civil case. That's all for the present.

Mr. Pengelly continued standing in the witness-box and informed the Magistrate that he did not acknowledge Mr. Munro at all as a partner in his Company.

The Magistrate : That

"JIMMY," THE PARLIAMENTARY DICTATOR.

THE CHAMPION OBJECTOR.

I TAKE the following extract from the description of the sitting of the House of Commons last Friday; the passage quoted occurs in the description given by the well-known Parliamentary chronicler, Mr. H. W. Massingham: Mr. James Caldwell is the Parliamentary figure of the hour. With his sole hand he has destroyed the Musical Copyright Bill. As a Parliamentary wit put it this afternoon, he was at the wickets all day, and not every kind of bowling and he was not out at the close of the innings. In the course of the afternoon he proposed four new clauses, all of which the promoters, trembling with eagerness for their Bill, accepted, with the desired purpose of conciliating this Scottish Rhadamanthus. A careful calculation has been made of the length of his speeches. I am told that in all they consumed four hours and twenty-eight minutes. At the end of the sitting the Speaker greeted the final stage of Mr. Caldwell's effort with the gentle and satirical reminder that for the remaining two minutes he might as well be relevant as not. On the whole, he was surprisingly relevant and extraordinarily successful. In spite of the relaxed form in which the measure came down from Grand Committee, it never had a chance of getting through the Report stage.

This lively description will give some idea of a man who, though little known to the outside public, is one of the most remarkable and potent figures of the inner life of the House of Commons. I have often made the remark—partly in joke, mostly in earnest—that, while Mr. Balfour was known to the world as the Leader of the House of Commons, the House of Commons itself knew better, and recognised its real Leader in "Jimmy" Caldwell—as he is affectionately called. He is one of the strange types of character which every House of Commons produces. To him the world seems to offer but one form of real delight. He is a wealthy bachelor, retired from business some years ago, and now gives his undivided time and attention to the House of Commons. He has never been known, I believe, to be absent for one day during the many years he has served in Parliament, and he is never absent even for one hour from any sitting. He is down in the House at noon, if not earlier; he lunches there, he takes his tea there, he dines there, and if there were private bedrooms I am sure that he would sleep there. He goes as near doing that as he can, for he lives in rooms in Queen Anne's Mansions—that huge caravansary almost at the gate of Parliament—where so many legislators from the country find their modest and temporary homes during the session of Parliament.

MR. CALDWELL'S "FUN."

Mr. Caldwell has very good reason for his devotion to the House of Commons, for there is no member in it who gets so much amusement out of it. It is not that Mr. Caldwell is an orator, or a great politician, or a commanding figure in any sense of the word. He is simply a pawky, energetic, tenacious Scotsman who, while others pay attention to big things, finds it his mission to pay attention to the small things of Parliament. He does not come on any occasion to deliver a prepared oration; he never proposes any Bill; he rarely—unless when he has a homicidal fit against a particular Bill—speaks for more than four or five minutes at a time and yet the fact remains that he has more influence and control of the work of the House of Commons than any other man in the place, and that he divides with Mr. Balfour or with whosoever else may be the Leader of the House, the fate of almost every measure that is brought in, whether by the Government or by the private member. If members of Parliament were privileged to wear scalps for the Bills they had killed, Mr. Caldwell would have to wear a dozen belts around his ample waist to carry all the scalps of massacred measures that are to his credit.

To understand how one member of Parliament has so much power, it is necessary to say a words about certain Rules of the House of Commons. The first of the Rules which account for the omnipotence of Mr. Caldwell is that is called the Twelve o'clock Rule. The meaning of this rule is that no Bill can be allowed to proceed after midnight if any one member of the House object. Now, except for a few days in the earlier months of the session, every bit of the time of the House is taken up by Government business up to midnight. At midnight there are a dozen, sometimes even a score of Bills which are on the paper, generally proposed by private members. The clerk at the table solemnly reads out the names of those Bills. Night after night you see the private member who is in charge of such a Bill sitting disconsolately and nervously in his seat. When the Bill is read out, he has a moment of horrible anxiety to see whether it is going to be allowed to pass or not. I have seen poor Mr. Walter Rothschild appear every night for a month because he had some little Bill to get through, evident to deal with an anomaly in the law with regard to animals—he is well known to be the most profound and devoted student and lover of animal life—or to repair an anomaly in the law with regard to marriage in the Colonies with a deceased wife's sister; and regularly at midnight, when he brought on his little Bill, an enemy lying in wait stopped him and disappointed his hopes.

HOW TO "BLOCK."

The process of stopping, or as it is technically called, of "blocking" a Bill, is very simple. All the member who objects has to do is to take part of his hat, and to say the magic words, "I object;" and then the Bill is postponed till the next sitting, when at midnight there is enacted exactly the same scene. The poor would-be legislator is in his seat, looking feverish and anxious, the clerk reads out the name, the "blocker" of the Bill raises his hat, and says "I object;" and so the process goes on as long as the patience of the poor member of the end of the session.

As this power of "blocking" a Bill at midnight is so important, more than one member has set himself to do it. On the Unionist side of the House the champion "blocker" is Sir Frederick Banbury. Here is one of the many marvels of the House. He is a man with a large business in the Stock Exchange; has great wealth; does a hard day's work almost every day in the region of Throgmorton Street; is a man spick and span in dress always, as if he had come out of a band box; is fond of yachting; in short, has all the appearance as well as the possibilities of being a man of pleasure; but he prefers to come down to the House of Commons; to sit there through long hours; to vote practically in every division; and, above all things, never to be absent from his place at midnight. Then he takes off what one of his colleagues properly called his fatuitous tall hat, cries out "I object," and so effectually blocks a hundred promising legislative projects.

THE OBJECTOR-IN-CHIEF.

But supreme above them all as a "blocker" stands our "Jimmy" Caldwell. He is even more assiduous than Sir Frederick Banbury, he is more active than even the two Irish representatives Messrs Flavin and Joyce. Sir Frederick Banbury has, of course, nothing to do with Government business. That is all proposed by his own side, and, of course, he cannot interfere with it. But Mr. Caldwell is more merciless on Government business than any other. It is his function in the House to defeat their machinations, and so his hands are always full. Regularly he is in his place at midnight, and regularly he cries out "I object"—that is to say, if there be nobody else there to do it. Like all great artists, he is always willing to keep in the background if he can find anybody else willing to do his work. But the work at midnight is only a small part of his exertions as I abours. There are certain moments in every sitting of the House of Commons which are very momentous and very perilous. It is those moments for which ministers are always on the look-out, for often in one of these little intervals they can get through more work than in a whole ordinary sitting—perhaps than in several sittings. These are the moments when members are contemplating other things than the business of the House or Commons. For instance, the half-hour between seven and half-past seven is often found very useful by a Minister. For members during that half-hour are either writing their letters to catch the evening post, or they are already thinking of their dinner or they are gossiping in the Lobby—in any case, they are usually out of the House; and, accordingly the Minister is able to sneak things quickly through, and before anybody knows where he his. But when the Minister thinks that everything is all right, up jumps the awful from of Mr Caldwell. Mr. Caldwell speaks in a rather low voice—except when he is particularly anxious about something; it is not always easy to grasp what he is saying in English there is behind the strong Scotch accent, and the rather hurried articulation. So that unrebuked, our Jimmy can talk on and nobody be made a bit the wiser, the Minister is dumbfounded and so are the Speaker and the Chairman of Committees, and triumphant but unheard and unintelligible Jimmy has pushed the debate up to half-past seven o'clock. Then the House automatically adjourns and the Bill, is not advanced a stage.

At nine o'clock, as everybody knows, the House resumes work. Here again the Minister has a chance of sneaking his Bill or his estimates through. Most members stretch out the hour and a half meant for dinner a little, and linger over the liqueur and the cup of coffee and the cigar; and at nine o'clock accordingly there are usually not more than half a dozen members present in the House; sometimes there are only three. But whether the number be twenty, or six, or three, our Jimmy is sure to be one, of the group, when the desperate Minister gets up again and tries to push his measure through, there is the awful form of Jimmy Caldwell before him ready to talk at any length, and to keep the House occupied until it fills again. And there are other members ready to take up the work of defeating the Minister, or at least of vetoing the passage of his Bill.

OMNIPOTENT JIMMY.

Finally, when the sitting of Friday comes, Jimmy is again omnipotent. This is the day which for several months of the Session is given up to the private members and the private Bill. When the end of the Session is approaching, but few of these private Bills have survived. There is a Rule which at last in a sort of handicap, leaves only one survivor out of those that have been introduced during the Session. The life of this Bill, which has passed all its preceding stages, hangs literally on some five and a half hours of Parliamentary time. The House meets at noon, all contested business has to be finished at halfpast five. Usually half an hour or so is taken up with preliminaries, prayers, private legislation, etc., and it is not till halfpast twelve that the Bill begins to run the gauntlet. It will be seen that one man with great determination, with infinite resources, with inexhaustible speech, can fill in these few hours. This is what our "Jimmy did with the musical Copywright Bill last Friday, and for another year if not for several year the poor song composer is at the mercy of the pirate. And now, with this fresh triumph added to so many others Jimmy is more powerful than ever. In a few weeks' time he will have everything and everybody at his mercy, for the end of the Session will be at hand, and the Government will want to get something or other done before they separate for the recess. And then you will begin to see the most powerful of them calling "Jimmy" into consultation behind the Speaker's chair, and he—lord and master will graciously allow this Bill to pass, and insist that that Bill shall be rejected. And so, strolling benign with his long, white whiskers, his rubicund face, his soft voice, his sweet manner, "Jimmy" rides the whirlwind and rules the storm. And yet how few people outside the House of Commons even know the name of its omnipotent dictator.

T. P.'s "M. de P."

ROYAL ASCOT.

INTERVIEW WITH MR. MIGGS.

"I went to Ascot," said the lorryman.

"You went to Ascot!" said Mr. Miggs. He rose with a full glass in his hand and looked at the lorryman as a tarrier is generally supposed to look at a mastiff before he begins an attack on his hind leg.

"I went to Ascot," said the lorryman cheerfully; "and I'm glad I didn't go to the Derby, for I lost then, but I won this time. There's nothing like seeing the horses for yourself. I don't know anything about anything, but I know a fine horse when I see him."

"You may know a horse," said Mr. Miggs wagging his head. "It's brains that count with me.

"Naterally," said the lorryman, "because you have 'em, ole frien'. But seeing as I don't make any pretension to any I will say as a beautiful horse beats anything of the kind I ever see."

"Have you ever been to the Opera?" said Mr. Miggs.

"Never," said the lorryman.

"I have," said the little man with the white face.

"Well, I've been there," said Mr. Miggs, "and my opinion is that the effec' is so tremendous that you don't know if you're standing on your head or your feet."

"A barrel-organ's good enough for me," said the lorryman.

"I've heard a barrel-organ played by a frien' of mine, which is an Italian, that make me drop an' I listen. But I was wanting to talk about Ascot, with the comp'ny's permission."

"We don't want to hear about Ascot," said Mr. Miggs. "We ain't Irishtocrats."

"Who's going to talk about Irishtocrats!" said the lorryman. "It's the horses, ole frien', that I was wanting to tell you about."

"When I went to the Opera," said Mr. Miggs emphatically, "I admit I was struck with the pretty women. I don't love women meself but as you may say, they a'd to the general scene."

"I'm very fond of women," said the little man with the white face. "I think they add joy to life."

Sometimes, said the lorryman, I've known a man which was frightened of a woman.

The Opera said Mr. Miggs, is situated on a plain scene. When once you get in you may be tired, but it's worth the struggle, my frien's.

The same is true of Ascot, said the lorryman. I had a struggle, I tell you, and there ain't too little of me as any time. The horse which took my fancy—"

I don't seem to get a show nohow, to-night, said the little man with the white face, but as I've already said, I've been to the Opera as well as Mr. Miggs, and though I do sail He I will ask to be permitted to say that I know more about music than any member of the company."

I'm willing to admit said the lorryman, that there may be things which I don't understand. In fact, I don't understand anything except a horse. When you see them coming along with the action, ole frien, if once you know what the action of a horse means—"

"When I was at the Opera," said Mr. Miggs, what struck me most "was the music when it began. I have me own opinion about music, but it steals upon you and takes nothing out of your pocket. It may affec' the feelings, went with a frien' of mine which is an Italian shoemaker, and he told me a funny thing. He said that Caruso was the greatest voice that had ever been heard. Well I listened to Caruso, and I will admit it was very nice—"

"When I lived in the country," said the little man with the white face, "there was a young woman which had a voice for singing which was more beautiful than you can think."

I thought we was talking about Ascot," said the lorryman. "I would like to be the King, because I suppose he see the race better than anybody else. When 'Pretty Polly' romp in, my feelings may be imagined, not described. She's a beauty."

"At the Opera," said Mr. Miggs, "what struck me most was the wealth below me. Frien's and fellercountrymen, let us rise in our strength and put them all out of the way. I would do it without giving pain. But why should they set in their boxes with their diamonds, and me stand at the very end? And the heat, my frien's was sich as I have never known, though I've been to a bakery."

I know a baker, said the little man with the white face.

Perhaps you know Mr. Chamberlain? said Mr. Miggs.

When Pretty Polly come past the winning-post said the lorryman, my joy of heart was sich that I took off my hat and cried Pretty Polly!

Manners is nothing with you, said Mr. Miggs. But, of course, you didn't know any better. Now when I was at the Opera an I heard Caruso sing, I wouldn't condescend to clap my 'ands. The people in the boxes kep' themselves to themselves. My frien, the Italian shoemaker, cried out Bravvy, bravvy! But I held my tongue. I will admit that Caruso is good but, as the member for the country say; he's heard a young woman what could knock him silly. I could do it meself.

You could, ole frien', said the lorryman.

When younger, said Mr. Miggs, I had a v'ice which would have frightened the comp'ny.

I knew a man, said the little man with the white face, which had a voice that killed a baby through fear.

When I was at Ascot—said the lorryman,

We've heard enough of Ascot, said Mr. Miggs, rising and the lorryman said it was time to take him home—" Pall Mall Gazette."

THE INCREASED VALUE OF RADIUM.

SOME INTERESTING POINTS.

THERE are some people, no doubt, who fancy that £32,000 an ounce is quite enough to give for anything in the world, and yet from all appearances there is little doubt that this price will come to be looked upon as a very modest one for radium. The action of the Austrian Government in restricting the mining of pitchblends in Bohemia is already having its effect, and the mighty atoms become more valuable every day. This is extremely unfortunate just as the doctors are finding out fresh spheres of usefulness for the new chemical element, and many interesting experiments at London hospitals have had either to be curtailed or abandoned owing to the difficulty of getting radium in sufficient quantity. A firm like Messrs. Arnbrecht, Nelson, and Co., chemists, of Duke-street, Grosvenor-square, has been lucky enough to secure about 500 milligrammes and a quantity of radio-active ores; but even this is only as a small well in a thirsty land. As an instance of the manner in which the precious material is regarded, we need only mention the demand that is made for the mere loan of a specimen of radium in the possession of Messrs. Arnbrecht. It is of 1,800,000 activity, and has a distinct effect on the electroscope at a distance of 8ft. For the few specks of yellowish substance in the centre of a case half the size of a lily's watch over £100 has been refused, the owners preferring to lend it out to doctors at £5 a time. The specimen is said to be one of the finest in existence, and though it has been in use for four years, it has not only half diminished in size, but seems even more powerful than it was at the beginning. Even at this price radium is the most economical of the rays brought to bear on lupus and rodent ulcer, seeing that it does in a matter of minutes what it takes the Finsen rays twelve months to do. It may be incidentally mentioned that some very encouraging results are being obtained with radium in the direction of arresting consumption and treating the deeper-seated kinds of tumour and cancer.

PATTI.

PATTI is among us once again, looking the picture of health, and her voice is as good condition as it was at any rate, some ten years ago, writes a London contemporary. Its preservation is no matter of wonder. Patti is over sixty, and she has existed for her voice, practically speaking, since she was eighteen. The writer of these lines has known her to keep to the strictest diet for a year, solely with a view to swallowing nothing which could harden her vocal cords. During a London season she was hardly ever induced to accept an invitation, so much did she fear that the fatigue of being in heated rooms or taking part in conversation might try her voice. Had Patti lived in a convent, or had her career been one long "rest cure," she could hardly have more scrupulously denied herself. On the days when engaged to sing in opera, she shut herself up entirely, and never spoke above a whisper. If keeping her voice means her reward, then Patti has it. The diva's happiest days were spent in Russia as a young girl. The Emperor Alexander I. and the Empress Marie permitted her to call them "Papa" and "Mamma," and treated her, indeed, like one of themselves. The public and society adored her. Not so very long ago Patti met the Duchess Marie of Coburg (now on a visit to this country) at a dinner-party. Patti was wearing a bracelet presented to her by the Emperor Alexander. "Ah!" said the Duchess, "I recognise that bracelet. . . . My father gave it to you; and what happy days it recalls!" Then she added sadly "Tout casse, tout passe, tout lasse." This recalls another incident in connexion with Patti and the Russian Court. A ball was held at the Palace, and the "prima donna" bright and lovely, was sought in the dance by everyone present, save the Heir-Apparent, afterwards the Emperor Alexander II., and husband of the Danish Princess, sister of our Queen, whom he adored. "Sire!" Patti complained with a little "moue," "you do not ask me to waltz." "Mademoiselle," came the reply, "je ne danse jamais qu'avec ma femme."

THE TRANS-ANDINE CONTRACT AWARDED.

THE important contract for the completion of the Trans-Andine Railway was finally divided between British and American contractors, the result of the opening of the tenders on May 3 being that the contract was awarded to Clark & Co. and S. Pearson & Co., London, and William R. Grace & Co., of New York, the total amount of the bids being dols. 6,750,000. As all of these houses are widely known and have had ample experience the speedy completion of this important railway is now assured. The result will be an important highway between the Argentine Republic and Chile, which will not only be a great factor in developing trade between these countries but will also exert considerable influence in maintaining the peace which now seems to be assured between them.—" Dun's Review."

FLORILINE.—For a Teeth and Breath.—A few drops of the liquid Florifline sprinkled on a wet toothbrush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly whiteness and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. The Fragrant Florifline being composed in parts of Honey and Sweet Herbs, is delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Of all Chemists, and Perfumers. Wholesale Depot 33. Farringdon Road. London England.

HERE, THERE AND EVERYWHERE.

LANDSCAPE lovers who like their scenery to be unspotted and free from artificial embellishments will be interested to hear of a recent Irish invention. A process has been discovered by an experimenter in an old paper-mill near Dublin of making peat into brown paper. If this is so the contrary process ought not to be very far off by which the sandwich-papers and cigarette boxes deposited in such profusion by the British public in its favourite parks and holiday demesnes should be instantaneously reconverted into the natural ingredients of scenery.

The colour line is causing some trouble at the St. Louis International Exhibition, greatly to the regret of the managers. Several of the restaurants have notices that negroes will not be served. They are even denied the privilege of dropping a copper in the slot for a drink of water. The Fair officials are considering a project of erecting a building specially for the accommodation of negroes.

An Austrian physician has, after many experiments, succeeded in discovering a perfect cure for gout. The only drawback would appear to be, that in depleting the system of the specific something which rouses the active and painful symptoms of the disease the cure is apt to leave the patient also deplete of other things that are required to carry on the functions of life in a cheerful manner. On the whole the only certain and unmortifying way with this painful malady is to reverse time and the common law of heredity—and cure your ancestors! And yet our ancestors two generations back had the cunning of being warned and rallied by a wit, himself a sufferer and an impirical gout doctor, who said, "What a very singular disease it is! It seems as if the stomach fell down into the feet. This was Sydney Smith, who enjoyed life in spite of it and who showed his wit in never taking the blue pills which he was always ready, as he said, to dart into the intestines of any luckless person he could induce to swallow them.

By a sensible innovation the French State museums are now to be made easier of access. The card of admission, which had to be obtained as a preliminary, is to be abolished for the Sevres manufactory, the Chateau du Pierrefords, the Pantheon, the Gobelins manufactory, and other places belonging to the French nation.

An intelligent young gentleman of studious habits recently fell into a state of extreme melancholy in considering what the world would be without wheels." Perhaps if he has had enough of that he might now care to consider what becomes of a tricycle when it has four. On Monday last a man was tried in London for infringement of the motor regulations, but when the prosecuting police came to the point of defining his vehicle they failed to describe it. It was, and was registered as, a motor-tricycle, but one wheel had been removed, and a two wheel carriage which ought to have been a trailer but which, being in front, did not trail, had been added to it. The police decided that this complex machine with four wheels had become by accumulation a motor-car. The man maintained that it was still a tricycle. The Bench were disposed to agree with the division of wheels they did not see how a tricycle could have four wheels, and they ruled the man out. But we feel that this decision involves speculative possibilities, if only some young man would brood upon it.

A German paper states that when King Edward was created a field marshal of the Austrian army the uniform was sent from Vienna to London. It had of course been made to the King's measurement, and so far all was well. The difficulty arose as to the proper fashion of wearing the sash. In the Austrian cavalry regiment of which the King was already an officer, no sash is worn. The Prince of Wales, who is an Austrian artillery officer, could not make any suggestion. The Austrian Amba-sador is an officer of dragoons, who also abjure the sash. Finally an attache, who had a commission in the marines was found, and being, as a sailor, a handy man, he knew the secret of the sash. We cannot answer for the story.

It is very doubtful if one ought to feel in any way seriously disturbed because a recipe for the cleaning of playing cards was found among John Wesley's papers. A quite authoritative person has already pointed out that the great religious reformer denounced in public with no half voice the immorality of card-playing. But it is far from certain that John Wesley when he wrote out his recipe was not thinking of those painted packs of cards which our great-grandmothers sometimes treasured in their drawing-room cabinets. Here is a pack, printed when he was young, and that Caruso is good with maxims, some of which tally excellently well with his own recommendations as to diet and plain living. On the three of hearts, e. g., is engraved—

If you'll avoid Old Charon the ferryman,
Consult Dr. Diet, Dr. Quiet, and Dr. Merryman

And we might mention, too an anti-popery pack almost exemplary and historical,—and another with pictures of Dr. Sacheverell in one of which that famous person is seen walking towards a pulpit. In fact there was quite enough sound edification printed and painted on playing-cards to warrant their being cleaned, not as things of evil but as moral instances, and to justify John Wesley in his concern for them.

There is one great difficulty which, we have always realised must be experienced by street performers and Punch and Judy showmen. This is in making sure that the man who goes round with the hat does not do come juggling with the proceeds before he hands them in. We are exceedingly interested, therefore to some upon this following account by a recent tourist on the Continent, who writes to a Saturday contemporary:—I came across two curious safeguards against dishonesty. The collector for an itinerant conjurer came round with collecting bag in one hand and a small quantity of water in the palm of the other. Of course if he helped himself the water would be spilt. But, improving on this, the collector for some gipsy acrobats had a collecting plate in one hand and a live fly imprisoned in the other. Handing in the filled plate and liberating the fly the collector thus proved that he could have stolen nothing." But what crowd with a percentage of British urchins in it would let the detective fly or the palmful of water finish the circuit? This is why we do not at once recommend the device to our professional readers.

A man has just been arrested in Paris for owning 15 overcoats, 75 trousers, 42 jackets, 200 waistcoats, 52 ladies' boots, 300 pairs of socks, 73 umbrellas, nearly 700 neckties, and three pairs of gloves. "I have only what is strictly necessary," said the possessor of the wardrobe, "for ill-luck has compelled me to take many articles to the pawnshop," and he showed the tickets. But what struck the Magistrates was that he rarely had on so little of the goods. It turned out that he was really a collector and that so part with a rare variety of boot gave him disinterested pain. One regrets the coarse punishment of so genial and sensitive a fellow. But though there was no evil in his soul his hobby was anti social.

There is an ancient folly about black cats and there is a current notion about handing and taking a lighted match from anyone as things lucky and things unlucky respectively. Both have been thrown into some discredit lately by natural philosophy. But it seems that they are quite right after all; for as those who like to think that the margin of superstition is being honourably maintained will be glad to hear, Mr. J. B. Robinson, the South African millionaire, is a firm believer in black cats as mascots"; and, adds the correspondent who communicates the important fact, "he has certainly been lucky enough all his life." That is not all. The same authority declares that he once offered Mr. Robinson a slightly smaller which that gentleman obstinately refused because of its illuck. What could be more conclusive?

Apropos of Mr. Holman Hunt's lamentation over historical buildings that have ceased to be, a correspondent writes:—"A good many years ago there stood on a rising mound the well-preserved ruins of one of the famous Irish 'round towers' (Irish 'cromleacs') on property belonging to the Devonshire family and only a few miles from Downpatrick. The picturesque spot was much sought by excursionists from Belfast, and the ruins were in danger of destruction. The owners chose finally to tell his agent to construct a high and strong wall round the mound, and ordered that no one should come inside the enclosure without special permission. The agent obeyed his orders, and on his first visit afterwards to the estate asked Lord Bowne to go and inspect for himself the effectual wall-work he had accomplished. He did so, and found the wall there all right, but no tower. For the thrifty agent had thought it foolish to fetch up new stones where excellent old ones were so handy." The Duke of Devonshire should have stayed at home.

A very clever lady, and a student of human nature and the illustrated papers, observed this significant fact early in the present war—that in England the war artists in black and white made their Japanese soldiers look as much as possible like English soldiers, while in France they made the Russian look ingeniously French. She did not mean at all to suggest that this pictorial co-option and naturalisation was due to the artists in both countries being honest fellows who drew at home in case and took the models they knew best. No; she meant that it was a subconscious working out of instinctive national and military sympathies—a kind of flattery by self approximation well understood by the trained psychologist. But now we notice in one of the most recent Paris illustrated journals a very striking picture of a Russian man of war about to sail over three submerged mines, in which the marines have nothing to distinguish them whatsoever in face, rig, or character. The artist has concentrated all his art on the sea-deeps, which are most vividly pictured, and on the mines, which look like fantastic wine glasses, with immensely elongated steams, standing on the sea-bottom. What is one to argue from this diversion of the artist's attention from the men to the machinery of warfare? Is Paris becoming a purely disinterested spectator, or are her artists suffering another subconscious racial exercitation?

At Munich a royal statue is going begging, or was a few days ago, when the advertisements appeared in a Munich paper. This was a communication from Baron Witte-Schwanenfeld, and the statue was of the late Emperor Frederick, a work so the Baron declared, of the highest art, and carved out of German oak to represent the Prince as the victor of Worth. Any town willing to provide suitably for such a memorial has now an opportunity.

Franz von Lenbach, the late painter, was most capricious and "Vanity Fair" tells an amusing story apropos of this characteristic. A friend of his sent him an American lady and her daughter, who wanted to have their portraits painted and were quite indifferent as to price. That agreed on was sufficiently stiff but when the great artist saw his sitters he absolutely declined to paint them at all, and even the offer of double the original sum agreed upon failed to move him. A few days later he met the friend who had attempted to arrange the matter. What do you mean, said Lenbach, by sending me those two women! They have heads like sheep! And do lend me ten pounds, there's a good fellow. I haven't got a farthing!

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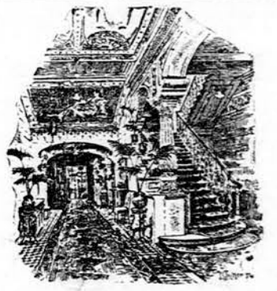
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M. A. P. IN THE GREEN ROOM.

It wants a strong play to drag the public to the theatres in the month of roses. June means anything but a rosy time for the theatrical speculation. But for the powerful opposition of the sun—and it has been very powerful lately—Miss Ethel Barrymore, one of the daintiest and most engaging of comediennes, might still be drawing us to Wyndham's and to "Cynthia." Mr. Hubert Henry Davies's eccentric comedy was anything but strong, but it was far from being uninteresting, and it presented some exceptionally good acting; and one cannot have seen it without feeling that it would have been in Charing Cross Road now if it hadn't been for June. But as it is, Miss Barrymore is on the Atlantic, and in a fortnight from now will be seen in a new play in San Francisco. And "Exhibition weather" has slain at the Savoy a piece that might have had a fairly satisfactory run beneath unattractive skies. Mr. Sidney Dask's merry farce, from the French of Tristan Bernard, "Who's Who?" was not the sort of piece to appeal very strongly to people who know what's what, yet in the cold seasons there has been success for far less amusing entertainments than the story of the Saratoga trunk.

But there is a compensating balance not only in watches, and the approach of summer brings joy to the heart of the understudy, for he knows that the slack time at the theatres will be taken advantage of by the leading performers to snatch a holiday and that genius in reserve will be called upon to advance to the rescue. Soon it will be the innings of the "summer stars," as understudies with "a chance at last" are known in the world of the theatre and the principals that afford them the opportunity of shining will be motoring to the links to strengthen themselves mentally and physically with the sport of golf—for so many actors and actresses now love to feel the jar of the steel and the spring of the hickory shaft. Thanks to the generosity of Mr. George Edwardes who subscribes to the up-keep of many of the links his travelling companies touch on the road, the ladies and gentlemen who take his London successes into the provinces get as much golf as they can spare time for and it is a common thing for "Shop Girl," say to play with a "Grip of Iron," or a "Runaway Girl" to have a friendly contest with "The Christian King." By the-way, Mr. G. P. Huntley whose absence from London is so great a gain to America and so great a loss to us is by no means the duffer at golf he appeared when playing at the Prince of Wales's in "Three Little Maids." As a fact he his very far from being the sort of golfer who "cuts the cloth at every drive, and I hear he has been showing some first-rate play on the American links.

A survival of the old epidemic of sensational vendetta plays, "Edge of the Storm," presents Mr. Forbes Robertson and Miss Gertrude Elliott in a new light. But this is the age for having a shot at everything, and so, in a way, the old fashioned business of Miss Margaret Young's vigorous melodrama becomes invested with the spirit of the time. The shocks and the sensations of the three acts of the new piece at the Duke of York's arise from a prologue in which the hero, Jim Poulett (Mr. Forbes Robertson) stabs the heroine's father in self-defence. Unfortunately (except for the sensational scheme of the play) the poor gentleman happens to be the leader of the patriotic party in Hungary in 1848, and when a man like that gets killed, and by an Englishman, it is pretty certain to follow that the slayer is in for an anxious time of it at the hands of sorrowing relatives and enthusiastic comrades. Nine years after this regrettable incident, when the scene has shifted from Hungary to Comarlapatan, in India, where the Mutiny is brewing Szentes Lota, who, from the stock of her father's death has lost all memory of the manner in which it came about, meets the heroic Jim Poulett and marries him. Then her memory returns, and she realises that her husband is her father's murderer, and that she is "vowed" to avenge the death.

This is a moment of the play which provides Mr. Forbes Robertson and his accomplished wife with the chance of turning on some very fine emotional acting, and it is questionable whether anything prettier and, at the same time, more stirring has been witnessed on the stage for many years than the scene of the woman's awakening to the awfulness of her position, of the man's readiness to die by the hand of the wife he idolises, of her struggle between the vow to kill and the vow to love, and of her final determination, come to through her affection for him and her admiration for his nobility, to pardon and protect him. Miss Gertrude Elliott, upon whose gentle prettiness the costumes of the late fifties sit with peculiar charm, acts with an earnestness which is none the less earnest for being quietly and unobtrusively intense, and it seems that she is stunned in earnest, and is not acting at all, when the truth dawns upon her that she has not only married the man she should kill, but that she worships him into the bargain. One leaves the theatre with the impression that the triumph of acting has been hers rather than Mr. Robertson's, not because she has done better work than his, but because her task has been far more difficult and she has had far less experience. The actor cannot help being strong in the part of a romantic hero. The only thing in the Edge of the Storm that is strange to his experience is the pop-gun sensationalism of the play's atmosphere. But he is such a practised stage lover that even 4·7 guns would not succeed in throwing him out of gear.

In a touching and daringly realistic novel called "A Guardian of the Poor" Mr. T. Baron Russell, the writer, aimed with all his might—and the might of his pen was that of many swords, as felt, at all events, in a certain direction—at the head of the prosperous suburban linen-draper who gains his prosperity by riding rough-shod over the very souls of his poor, pale workers. "A Guardian of the Poor" was oh powerful, if not an effectual, appeal to humanity on behalf of the girls and young men who "live in" at the big "establishments" of the suburban high streets, and work, or stand about (which is infinitely worse) from early in the morning until late in the evening, in a long and narrow and stuffy shop, and do it all on food of the lowest possible nourishing power, and on the encouragement of proprietorial discontent, expressed only too often in unjust dismissals and illegal fines. "A Guardian of the Poor" attacked the retailer of the masses' finery. Warp and Woof, the play the Hon. Mrs. Alfred Lyttelton, wife of the Colonial Secretary, has written for Mrs. Patrick Campbell, is an attack upon the retailers, or a particular and not unrecognised type of them, of the classes' finery.

The audience that drove to the Camden Theatre in electric broughams to see the start of Mrs. Lyttelton's play was not it turned out an entirely enthusiastic one. The great and fashionable ladies who filled the stalls and boxes really seemed to feel more guilty than sympathetically appreciative. This was utterly unlooked-for, for the attitude adopted towards books and plays designed to expose an evil is in almost all cases that of the independent and personally disinterested spectator, who wonders how his neighbour can be so cruel, and how such things can be. So Mrs. Lyttelton succeeded with both her play and its purpose a rare achievement indeed. For while the pit and gallery applauded it and were obviously touched by its pathos, the boxes and stalls watched the development of the authors protest with the eyes of Hamlet's stepfather, Mrs. Patrick Campbell's Theodosia Hemming, the white-faced workgirl who toils for sixteen hours a day at Mme. Stefanie's in order that a party of butterfly beauties of smart Society may get the dresses they don't really want, in good time, and that Madame may make a fortune is a character that will win the sympathy of the people wherever it goes. And it is the more impressive because it has not been drawn with a bitter hand. It is to thoughtlessness rather than to downright cruelty that Mrs. Lyttelton attributes, or seems in her play to attribute, the wretched state of affairs as exposed in the sincere and straightforward story of Theodosia, and her expression of this view of the case is much more likely to do good to the cause one sees is at her heart than any mercilessly immoderate attack.

The matinee at His Majesty's on behalf of the Fresh Air Fund proved an occasion for the appreciation of fresh acting also. Mr. and Mrs. Beerbohm Tree's clever daughter Viola was the Viola as well of "Twelfth Night," and her appearance as such was her London "debut" in a speaking part. It would be absurd to expect a faultless interpretation of a leading part from Shakespeare from a young lady yet in her teens, but it would not have been absurd, judging things as they go, to have expected from one so young as Miss Viola Tree, and one so inexperienced, a performance of far less merit than that with which she delighted her audience on Monday. Her study of Viola was full to the brim with intelligence, but into the management of her distinctly "brainy" conception of the part the youthful actress naturally enough threw less of balance and of calculation than of the frank fearlessness and cheerful exuberance of confident girlhood. Freshness—the freshness of the fresh air itself—is the dominating characteristic of Miss Viola Tree's Viola, and the graceful debutante may rest assured that the quality is one that many a great actress would give her tears for.

It is altogether a new achievement of the stage girl to make a distinct hit in a piece without speaking a single line or dancing a single dance, or even wearing a singular costume! If anyone had got it about before the arrival of "The Prince of Pilsen" at the Shaftesbury that one of the girls of the chorus was going to act, people talking of her performance, and was going to do this simply by walking across the stage, the person who believed the tale would have been taken for as great a simpleton as the person who told it. And yet, who that has seen the American musical comedy at the Shaftesbury can deny that this seemingly impossible feat has been accomplished by Miss Camille Clifford, the "New York girl" of the song of the evening. All Miss Clifford does is to step forward from the crowd of "different kinds of girls," and, as the languid and supercilious darling of New York Society, turn her Charles Dana Gibson face to the audience, and walk with sinuous haughtiness from one side of the stage to the other. But it is so well done, and Miss Clifford is such a startling likeness of the Gibson model, that when the people leave the theatre after the performance, they talk of the New York girl as if she were the principal lady of the show! She is certainly one of the principal features.

For the interpretation of a gay and irresponsible piece like The Prince of Pilsen, one would not think that there were men in the company who have won honours in the sober world of learning. Mr. Victor Morley, who plays the part of the Earl of Shrimpton is a nephew of the Right Hon. John Morley, and a distinguished graduate from Oxford. Mr. Albert Krausse is a graduate of both Leipsic and Heidelberg. Mr. Charles Sinclair, the stage-manager, is with honours from the University of Wisconsin, and that delightful comedian Mr. John W Ransome, who has made the inquiry "Was you effer in Tzincinnati" as great a nuisance as "Now we shan't be Congo" and "Fancy meeting you!" was one of the first graduates of the University of Missouri. Among the ladies of the company are to be found graduates and former pupils of Wellesley, Vassar, Bryn Mawr and several other institutions which make a feature of feminine education. It is no doubt, this congregation of intellectual brightness which explains the general effectiveness of the entertainment. Every person in The Prince of Pilsen, male and female, plays a part of his or her own, and whether it has lines to it or not, it has intelligence.

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Worry and Anxiety

almost inevitably lead to a weakened and impoverished condition of the nervous system. These are forms of mental and nervous fatigue, and indicate that the nervous system is unequal to the demands made upon it by business responsibilities, social obligations, or professional duties. Such feelings give urgent and emphatic warning that the entire nervous system has become enfeebled, either as a consequence of nervous overstrain or owing to imperfect nutrition, resulting from physical illness or disorder.

Nervous Debility

of which worry and anxiety are such distressing symptoms, demands special treatment, the nature of which is easily understood. If the body be weak it shows that fitting nourishment is required, and the same is equally true if the nervous system be weakened. It needs proper nutrition.

But how seldom the exhausted nervous system receives the right treatment. In many cases stimulants are resorted to, which give merely fictitious and temporary strength to the nerves, but actually leave them more weakened and worn out than before. If the nervous system be exhausted it really requires a remedy that will assist the nervous system to assimilate nourishment from the ordinary food, and will at the same time supply the vital nerve elements which are lost under the strain of overwork. Such a remedy is found in

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A Nerve Nutrient not a Stimulant.

Bishop's Tonules are a thoroughly scientific preparation, free from harmful drugs and act directly upon the nerves, improving their nutrition, building up the worn away tissues, and restoring the impoverished nervous system to full health and vigour.

To understand how and why Bishop's Tonules do this it must be borne in mind that in nervous disorders generally the nerve and brain substance is worn away faster than it can be replaced. The nerves also lack the power to extract from the food taken the elements which they have lost, and until they can do this there can be no improvement in their exhausted condition.

The principal of these nervous disorders are as follows: Nervous and General Debility or Impaired Vitality, indicated by Lassitude, Fatigue, Want of Mental and Physical Energy, Weakened Will Power, Inability for Sustained Mental Effort, Irritability and Brain Fag, Nervous Exhaustion, Indecision and Lack of Confidence and "Pluck," Mental Depression, Worry and Anxiety, Forebodings, Morbidity and Melancholy, Neurasthenia, or a worn-out condition of the Nervous System generally, characterised by Headache, Vertigo, Muscular and Nervous Prostration, and Diminished Mental Powers.

There is no pretence that Bishop's Tonules do anything magical or extraordinary. They simply supply those elements that are lacking, and supply them in such a form that they can be taken up easily and naturally by the nerves. Hence it is only reasonable to expect nerve restoration where they are used.

Obviously this takes time, just as an ill-nourished body cannot be built up in a day; but the result of a continued course of treatment by Bishop's Tonules will be the restoration of the nervous system to perfect health and strength.

The effects of the Tonule treatment may not be apparent immediately, but after a short time there is an improvement in the appetite, the assimilation of food is promoted, the liver stimulated, and the flow of bile increased. The various organs of the body all show improved activity and the building up of the tissues is hastened. The eyes grow brighter and the complexion more healthy. There is a tendency for thin subjects to gain flesh, while soft and flabby flesh becomes firm. In addition to all these evidences of the power of Bishop's Tonules, the symptoms of nervous debility and exhaustion gradually disappear, and it is only a question of time as to how long it will take for the whole nervous system to be restored to full strength.

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Note

There are two points we wish specially to emphasise. One is that it is supremely unwise to delay commencing the treatment with Bishop's Tonules if you recognise that you are suffering from nervous overstrain or nervous or brain exhaustion. Your condition will become worse, and you may have a serious breakdown as a result of your neglect. The other point is that Alfred Bishop are always pleased to give further information to any requiring it.

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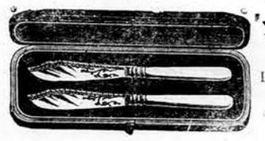

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Best electro Silver Plate on Nickel Silver Ivory handle or Mother-of-Pearl, Rs. 3.

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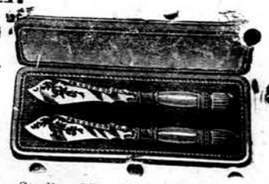
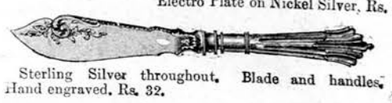


Sterling Silver Blades, Rs. 30.
Plain, complete, in case.
Electro Plate on Nickel Silver, Rs. 16.

Spirit Kettle.
Electro Silver Plate, Rs. 42.

Sterling Silver Butter Knife. Mother-of-Pearl handle: Hand engraved, Rs. 7-8.



Sterling Silver throughout. Blade and handles, Hand engraved, Rs. 32.

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Complete
TEA AND COFFEE SERVICE,
4 pieces.
Floral engraving as illustrated,
Sugar and Cream, gilt inside.
Best electro Silver Plated on Brittania Metal, Rs. 75.

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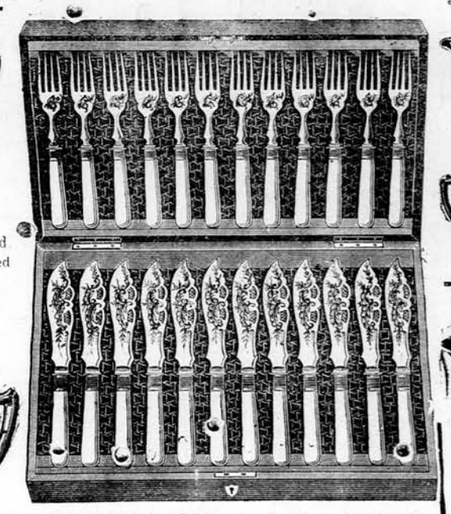
Teapot.
Fluted and Hand engraved. Finest Quality Silver Plated on pure Nickel Silver,
Rs. 56.



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Service of 3 Pieces.
Triple electro Silver plated, on pure white ickel Silver.
Rs. 80.

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Best electro Silver plated on Brittania Metal.
Rs. 22.

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"HARLENE"
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writes: "Please forward three bottles of 'Harlene' for the Hair at once."

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Mrs. LANGTRY, the charming Actress Manager,
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WRITE FOR CATALOGUE, NO. 72.

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'DARTRING' 'LANOLINE'

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The Physician's Cure for Gout, Rheumatic Gout and Gravel.

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Safest and most Gentle Medicine for Infants, Children, Delicate Females, and the Sickness of Pregnancy.

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AN ABSOLUTE NOVELTY.
The "RADIUM" Ribbons.

A delicate and dainty silk Loussinie Ribbon for Millinery. This ribbon is the rage of the London season and gives a chic effect to all Millinery Brilliant Lustre. Width 6½ inches, Colours: Maize, Helio, Nil, Pink, Blue, White Cream. Price, As. **14** per yard.

The "Motor" Double Face satin Ribbon. A Rich glossy finish, both sides alike. Fullranges of colours in a'l width. Colours: Sky, Pink, Navy, Brown, &c., &c.
Width 7/8, 1½, 2½, 3½, inches.
Price, As. **3-6, 6, 8, 12** per yard.

Satin Bebe Ribbon, with cord edge. A splendid quality and we have a full stock of a'l these colours, White, Cream, Nil, Pink, Sky, Gold, Helio, Red, Black, Cerise, Turquoise, Moss, Emerald.
As. **1-6**, per yard. Rs. **1-6** per piece of 18 yds.

Wide Glace Ribbon. A very fine Lace, especially suitable for millinery waist bands, &c. Width 7½ inches. Colours: Black, white, cream, turquoise.
Price, Re. **1-4** per yard.

The "Revenue" Plain Silk, Ribbon. A very Fine corded silk with a rich finish. We can show you a full ranges of colours in every conceivable shade.
Width 7/8, 1½, 2, 3 inches.
Price, **3-6, 5, 7, 9** per yard.

Corded Silk Bebe Ribbon. A very fine quality ribbon for fancy work. See our colours, all in stock. White Cream, Nil, Sky 15, Sky 11, Turquoise 66, 196, Lilas, Red, Black, Pink, Gold, Moss, Nil, Coral, Royal.
As. **1** per yard. As. **14** per piece of 18 yards.

A Leading line in Soft Satin Ribbons. A very fine ribbon, usually sold at Rs. 1/8 per yard. We have secured a quantity of this line and are offering it at special prices. Width 6½ inches. Black, Colours: White, Cream, Cardinal, Sky, White, Grey, Emerald, Nil, Turquoise.
Price Re. **1** per yard.

NEW SASH RIBBON.
San Toy Quality Sash Ribbons, a superior quality, 12 inches, in the following shades. Scarlet, gold, helio, sky, pink; also black and white. Price, Re. **1** per yard.

JUST ARRIVED
New Canvas Ribbons.

A strong grass-Lawn Canvas Ribbon with large spot worked in coloured Silk. Colours: Grass Lawn with Gold, Red, Green, Navy and Blue.
Width 5½ inches. Price, As. **14** per yard.

The "Charm" Silk Back Satin Ribbon, a beautiful quality soft satin ribbon in the following shades. Cream white, sky, turquoise, pink, lilas, nil, cardinal, reseda, gold, brown, black.
Width, 1, 1½, 2½, 3 inches.
Prices, As. **4, 6, 8, 12** per yard.

No. 2 Satin Ribbon silk back. This ribbon is ½ inch wide, same quality as our "Charm" Ribbon, very rich in colour and adapted for all kinds of fancy work. Colours: White, cream, black, sky, turquoise, lilas, rose, nil, coral. Good stock of every colour.
Price, As. **2** per yard. Rs. **2** per piece of 18 yards.

A special offer in soft satin ribbons. We have just received a fresh delivery of this well-known ribbon. We use an immense quantity of this on our millinery. Width 6½ inches.
Price, Re. **1-8** per yard.

The "Circus" Quality black corded silk. A heavy make ribbon thick cord and pure silk.
Width, 1, 1½, 2½, 3, inches.
Price, As. **5, 8, 10, 14,** per yards.

No. 3 Satin ribbon silk back. This is the same ribbon as No. 2, only ½ inch wide. Colours blend together beautifully as it is such a fine finished ribbon. Colours: black, white, cream, sky, rose, lilas, turquoise, nil.
Price, As. **3** per yard. Rs. **3-2** per piece of 18 yds.

Wide glace ribbon. A superior quality Glace and extra wide, only a limited quantity of this line left and we advise an early visit. These colours only left. Black, white, cream, sky, maize, cardinal. Width 7½ inches.
Price, Rs. **1-8** per yard.

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A RICH PLAIN SILK RIBBON.
4½ inches wide. We have a splendid range of colours at this price.
Colours: Black, White, Cream, Pink, Sky, Turquoise, Helio, Emerald, Maize, Red, Pink 35, Nil.
Price, As. **12** Per yard.

A RICH SOFT SATIN RIBBONS.
This ribbon is slightly narrower than our millinery Ribbon, but is much used for beltings. Width 4½ inches. Colours: Cream, white, black, helio, emerald, gold, &c.
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Rs. 7	Rs. 5-8	Rs. 6	Rs. 4-8	Rs. 3-12	Rs. 4	Rs. 3-4	Rs. 2-12

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Untouched by Hand **For Infants and Invalids.**

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EASIEST TO DETACH.
HAVE NO WIRES.
TO THE FRONT.
RESILIENT. RELIABLE. DURABLE.
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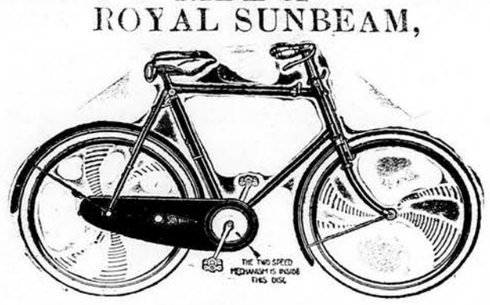

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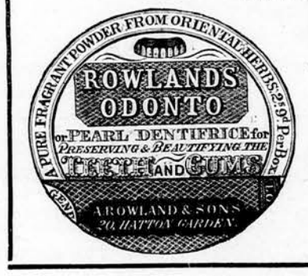
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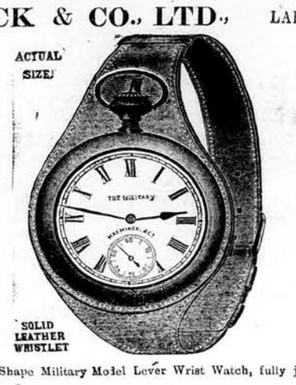

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